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AMMAN SATURDAY, JULY 17, 1993 MUHARRAM 27, 1414

Qatari minister arrives in Yemen

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DUBAI (R) — Qatar's foreign minister arrived in Sanaa Friday for a visit which Yemen hopes will help improve its relations with Gulf Arab neighbours, strained by Yemeni sympathy for Iraq during the Gulf crisis. The Qatar News Agency said Sheikh Hamad Ben Jabr Al Thani was met by bis Yemeni counterpart Mohammad Salem Basendwa, who said Thursday Sheikh Hamad's visit "will be a turning point" in relations between the two countries.

U.S. holds Palestinian over 1985 hijacking

WASHINGTON (R) — U.S. authorities said Friday they had arrested a Palestinian in Nigeria for the 1985 hijacking of an Egyptian airliner which resulted in the deaths of two hijackers and 60 passengers. The accused hijacker. Omar Mohammad Ali Rezag, was flown to Washington Thursy night and was due to appear court Friday on criminal charges of aircraft piracy and aiding and abetting the crime, the Federal Bureau of Investigations

57% of Israelis oppose talks with PLO

TEL AVIV (AFP) - Some 57 per cent of Israeli Jews are against "direct and official" peace negotiations with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), according to an opinion poll published Friday. The survey for the Yediot Aharonot newspaper found 42 per cent in favour negotiations with the PLO, which is considered a "terrorist" group under Israeli law. One per cent expressed no view. The telephone survey of more than 500 people came after press reports that Israeli and the PLO were conducting secret talks to try to break a deadlock in the Middle East peace process. Over the last two years, pollsters who asked Israelis if they supported dialogue with the PLO found about 33 per cent in 1340 on page 2).

last to 2 **3.N.** suspends Angola flights

IOHANNESBURG (R) - The United Nations has again sus-cended Angolan aid flights after ebels fired on a U.N.-chartered ircraft carrying supplies in the orthwest of the country. "There all be no more flights until we et guarantees (of safe passage) from UNITA," a World Food frogramme (WFP) official in Jobannesburg told Reuters on Eriday. The WFP said about 40 bullets hit the Antonov-32 as it tried to land at M'banza Congo, a town in Agola's Zaire province which is in UNITA hands. The aircraft limped back to base with e of its engines on fire. No injuries were reported as a result of Thursday's attack.

Congo declares state of emergency

BRAZZAVILLE (R) - Congo's President Pascal Lissouba declared a two-week state of emergency throughout the country Friday after more than a month of clashes io which at least 23 people bave died. Announcing the decision, Prime Minister oachim Yhombi-Opango said e council of ministers had also cked the bead of the armed forces, General Jean-Marie Michel Mokoko.

France seeks release of kidnapped girl

PARIS (AFP) - France Friday called on Israel to release a 16year-old Lebanese girl kidnapped by Israeli agents in South Lebanon, saying such acts were an attack on Lebanoo's sovereignty. We ask Israel to release the girl and to abstain from these kinds of acts, which we condemn, and which oodermine Lebanon's sovereignty," foreign ministry spokesman Richard Duque said. According to Lebanese police, the girl was abducted at a roadblock manned by the Israelibacked South Lebanon Army and Israeli intelligence agents outside the town of Arnun, which lies beyond the Israeli-controlled 'security" strip. They said it was the third such kidnapping in two

Christopher to visit Mideast Aug. 1-5 Way open for \$160m

Combined agency despatches

WASHINGTON - U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher announced Friday he would make the first in a series of trips to the Middle East 10 energise lagging peace talks, but he played down xpectations.

Giving no indication he had a new formula to present to Arab and Israeli leaders, Mr. Christopher said he would go to the region after attending the July 26-28 meeting of the Association of South-East Asian nations (ASEAN) in Singapore.

His aides had indicated he would go to the Middle East early next week and from there to Asia. But Mr. Christopher said he was faced with a heavy Washington schedule, so "the timing wurked out better" to go first to ASEAN.

He said be would leave for Singapore next Thursday and stop in Australia after the ASEAN meeting, before con-tinuing to the Middle East.

The secretary will be in the Middle East Aug. 1-5 and make stops in Israel, Jordan, Syria and Egypt, State Department spokesman Michael McCurry said.

Talking to reporters while greeting Belgian Foreign Minister Willy Claes, Mr. Christopher said his trip to the Middle East "will be part of an overall effort to provide what we call a full partnership as well as an honest broker" in the search for a settlement.

There was no hint of urgency in the Christopher mission. It follows one to the region by a U.S. delegation beaded by Dennis Ross of the State Department and Martin Indyk of the National Security Council.

"I don't expect this trip will achieve any major break-throughs," Mr. Christopher said. Israel has been negotiating for 20 munths on two tracks — with the Palestinians over self-rule on the West Bank in Gaza, and with Syria, Jordan and Lebanon on

peace agreements. There was no apparent prog-ress in the last round of talks at the State Department which concluded July 1.

"We'll be pursuing the matters we pursued before," including U.S. proposals for narrowing differences between Israel and Palestinians," Mr. Christopher

"It's part of a long major effort that the United States has made in pursuit of peace in that area," Mr. Christopher said of his trip. which is expected to be the first in a series through the rest of the

On Thursday, Mr. McCurry said Mr. Christopher would urge the Middle East parties to make 'hard choices" in their positions.

With peace talks on the brink of collapse, the Clinton administration has devised a strategy of more direct U.S. intervention in the talks, an approach urged by Palestinians and supported by the Israeli government.

Mr. Christopher would try to set up another round of negotiations for early August to be followed by periodic trips to the area by him and also by the Ross-Indyk team. "We said we look at the end of

that means Dec. 31," Mr. Asked about an informal paper the United States shared with

Israeli and Palestinian nego-

this year as being critical, and

tiators prior to the end of the last

round, the spokesman said it had

provided "an important focus" uf

"We suggested at the time that

we presented that paper that this

was a way for us to help them

identify the differences that exist

in their positions, and if they

could focus on that document as

way of helping them bridge the

gaps, that it would be a useful

ducument," he explained. "It's

not something you would negoti-

ate language around. I think it's

more a discussion guide for the

Farouk Al Sharaa discussed the

stalled Middle East peace process

with Lebanese officials Friday.

Upon his arrival at Beirut air-

port around 2:30 p.m. (1130

GMT), reports arrived in the

Syrian Foreign Minister

parties themselves.

discussion for the parties.

Lebanese President Elias Hrawi gestures while Syrian Foreign Minister Farouk Sharaa looks on

(AFP photo) capital that Israel had moved more armour into South Leba-

Israel said it would retaliate for July 8-9 attacks by Syrian-backed and pro-Iranian groups in which five Israeli troops were killed and eight wounded.

Security sources said about 200 infantrymen in 14 artillery pieces, two armoured personnel carriers and two halftracks rolled across the border into Markaba in the eastern sector of Israel's self-style "security zone" in South Leba-

Israel has been building up its strength, which now totals 45 artillery pieces, 12 Merka'a tanks, 46 armoured personnel carriers, 34 truckloads of ammunition, 1,200 Israeli troops and 2,500 allied militiamen. The buildup kindled fears

Israel might be planning to go outside the "security zone" to hunt down guerrillas in South Lebanon.

during a visit Mr. Sharaa paid to Beirut Friday

Israel held Syria responsible for the attacks and threatened retaliation beyond the rules of the game if the Damascus govern-ment of President Hafez Al Assad failed to rein in the guerril-

Speaking to reporters on arrival at Beirut airport, Mr. Sharaa indicated that Damascus rejected an Israeli warning to curb guerrillas attacking Israeli forces in South Lebanon.

A U.S. team led by Mr. Ross carried the warning from Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin to Damascus on Sunday and a Syrian reply back to Israel.

(Continued on page 10)

in loans to Jordan Majali reaffirms commitment to economic recovery programme Mr. Jardaneh left office in late

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The way has been cleared for Jordan to receive a \$160 million World Bank/ Japanese loan following the approval by the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and the World Bank of the measures undertaken by the Kingdom in implementation of the economic restructuring programme agreed with the IMF, senior officials said Friday.

The World Bank will be contributing \$80 million of the loan and the Japanese government will match it with an equal amount. Ahmad Shakour Sba'lan, an executive director at the IMF who was visiting Jordan, informed the government of the approval of the Kingdom's request for an extension of the deadline for the implementation of certain economic measures included in the restructuring programme, Finance Minister Sami Gammo said (see separate story). Prime Minister Abdul Salam

Al Majali met with Mr. Sha'lan on Thursday and reaffirmed bis government's commitment to implementing the Kingdom's res-

tructuring programme.

The Jordan News Agency, Petra, quoted Dr. Majali as saying that his government "is keen on continuing the implementation of the programme in cooperation with the private sector in the country and to expand economic cooperation with other coun-

The reaffirmation came against the backdrop of contentions by some Jordanians that with the departure of Basel Jardaneb who served as finance minister for most part of the economic adjustment programme launched in 1988, there could be a dilution of the Kingdom's commitment to

By P.V. Vivekanand

AMMAN - Jordan bas se-

cured an extension for debt

rescheduling negotiations with

the Paris Club of creditor gov-

ernments and state-run agen-

cies oo paymeots due between

July 1993 and December 1994.

to have finalised an agreement

with the creditors before the

end of July, but its request for

an extensioo until February

1993 was granted by the Paris

"A meeting with the Paris Club scheduled for this month

has been cancelled after the extension was granted," Fi-nance Minister Sami Gammo

told the Jordan Times Friday.

According to Dr. Fahed Al

Fanek, a noted columnist and

economist, the amount that

would be on the table for

rescheduling during the Febru-

ary discussions covers the pay-

ments due - principal and interest - to Paris Club mem-

due for payment to the Paris Club until June 1993 was res-

The Kingdom was supposed

May when the Majali government took office. Mr. Gammo succeeded him.

Petra said Mr. Sha'lan commended Jordan's implementation of the economic programme and described the Kingdom as a model for developing countries. He noted that Jordan has been

successful in reducing the deficits in its budget and balance of pay-ments as well as in stabilising inflation without foreign assistance as was the case prior to the Gulf crisis of 1990-91, Petra said.

Mr. Sha'lan, who left Amman Friday, was quoted as saying by Reuters that Jordan, which brought in the IMF to assist it in 1989 after falling to service its external debt, had also achieved remarkable progress "by any standards.

"Jordan did remarkably wellthe budget deficit was well in excess of 18-19 per cent of GDP...it was initially targetted to go to 13 per cent in 1992...the actual outcome was 4.5 per cent,' he told Reuters.

Mr. Gammo noted that the approval of Jordan's request for extension of the implementation of certain measures in the programme meant that the way was new clear for the Kingdom's request for the \$180 million loan. He did not say when Jordan could

expect the loan to be released. The finance minister said the loan would be used to improve the Kingdom's energy and water sectors.

During Mr. Sha'lan's visit, Jordan and IMF reviewed the progress in the implementation of the economic restructuring programme, Mr. Gammo said.

The IMF official also briefed Jordan on the IMF board's debate on Jordan's economy and the measures undertaken by the Kingdom as well as other issues of concern to Amman.

Jordan-Palestine union Gazan shot dead may help-talks—Erakat OCCUPIED GAZA (Agencies) — A Palestinian shot by Israeli OCCUPIED JERUSALEM instead a coofederation with Jor-

(Agencies) - A Palestinian dan. peace negotiator said Friday the Palestine Liberation Organisag forming a confederation with Jordan in the hope of breaking a deadlock in Arab-Israeli talks. Saeb Erekat, deputy bead of

the Palestinian negotiating team, said 20 months of talks with Israel on an interim period of self-rule produced few results, making it necessary to shift discussions to the final status of the occupied territories.

The first thiog that comes to mind if we want to move to final status is the Jordanian-Palestinían relations," he said.

Jordao and the PLO announced in Amman Monday the formation of joint committees in the first practical step towards a future confederation between the Kingdom and Palestinians.

Israelis and Palestinians both raised the idea of discussing confederation oow in talks this week with the U.S. envoy Dennis Ross. Six committees announced in Amman were expected to begin discussing aspects of future relations, including political, econo-

mic and legal ties. Chief Palestinian negotiator Haidar Abdol Shafi has said that to soften Israel's position in the

Under the terms of U.S.brokered talks launched in Madand Israelis were to negotiate an agreement on a five-year-period of self-rule for the nearly two million Palestinians in the occupied territories.

The two sides were to begin negotiations on the final status of the West Bank and Gaza Strip, only three years into self-rule. The talks have made no progress. Israeli foreign ministry officials

have lent support to discussing final status now. But Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin, who has the ultimate decision, has not endorsed the idea. "As far as Israel is concerned

we would like very much to hear from one man, and that's Rabin,' Dr. Erekat said. Dr. Abdul Shafi told Israelis on

Friday there could be no peace in the Middle East unless they give up East Jerusalem. "If Israel maintains its position regarding East Jerusalem, I thick

it will kill the peace process," Dr. Abdul Shafi said in an interview with Voice of Israel radio. "Israel should concede the

sector of Jerusalem after the 1967 war and refused to discuss the status of Jerusalem at least until the Palestinians bave carried oot two years of self-government in

troops in a clash at a soccer game in an occupied Gaza Strip refugee camp died in hospital Friday,

They said Israeli soldiers rushed onto a soccer pitch in the Rafah refugee camp on Tuesday and opened fire after spectators threw stones at army undercover troops in the crowd.

Fatchi Abu Khader, 35, was shot in the head and evacuated to hospital in Israel where he died on Friday, Palestinians said. The army said it was checking the incident.

In Rafah, a Palestinian clan staged a rare march Friday to protest the killing of their son at the hands of masked Palestinian militants who accused him of collaborating, Arab reporters

More than 300 members of the Abu Hussein family marched through the streets of Rafah refugee camp carrying swords, axes and knives. They chanted slogans against the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and threatened to revenge the death.

Atef Abu Hussein, a 37-yearold driver, was killed three days ago by activists after he was accused of helping Israeli undercover soldiers ambush Samir Shaath on July 8.

Mr. Shaath, 23, was the com-mander of the Gaza Branch of the Popular Front for the Liberanon of Palestine. Mr. Sbaath was wanted for armed attacks against the army and for killing suspected most of the occupied territories. Palestinian collaborators.

Ekeus holds talks with Aziz, Sahaf BAGHDAD (AP) -- U.N. en- not intend to compromise.

pute over missile surveillance and reduce the threat of allied attack on Iraq.
Mr. Ekeus would not discuss

the talks, but other U.N. sources, speaking anonymously, said Iraq was still refusing to accept the Security Council's Gulf war ceasefire Resolution 715, which calls for a long-term monitoring of Baghdad's weapons programme.

An Iraqi official, speaking on condition of anonymity, said Baghdad was not sure if any recommendation by the U.N. special commission to lift U.N. trade sanctions would get past U.S. veto power in the Security Mr. Ekeus, Swedish head of

the special commission supervising destruction of Iraq's nonconventional weapons, talked with Foreign Minister Moham-mad Saeed Al Sahaf soon after arrival in Baghdad on Thursday. Mr. Ekeus met early Friday with Mr. Sahaf, and with Mr. Aziz, President Saddam Hussein's main international nego-

tiator. He talked with Mr. Aziz again in the evening.

Uoited Nations officials said earlier that Mr. Ekeus would meet Mr. Aziz only if some progress was made in the talks with

the foreign minister. Tim Trevan, spokesman for the special commissioo, said Thurs-day that the United Nations did

invasion of Kuwait will be lifted, before it accepts certain terms of the long-term monitoring. Government-controlled Iraqi news media on Friday cautioned Mr. Ekeus against expecting con-

has something to offer in return. Mr. Trevan said Thursday in Baghdad: "There is no compromise formula, there are no its, ands, or buts. ... Iraq must comply with all Security Cooncil resolutions."

Last month, the United States launched cruise missiles at an intelligence headquarters building in Baghdad in retaliation for an alleged Iraqi-backed plot to assassinate former president George Bush during his April visit to Kuwait. Iraq has denied involvement.

negotiators suspended negotiations on a draft agreement to allow Baghdad to sell \$1.6 billion

Iraqi negotiators said the talks would resume after consultations with Baghdad, but no date was

(Continued on page 10)

bers during the 18-month period between June 1993 and December - around \$650 mil-A similar amount owed and

cheduled in early 1992. Dr. Faoek said Jordao would have to bave a certification from the International Monetary Fund (IMF) that the Kingdom was abiding by the IMF-prescribed economic restructuring programme before it could start the negotiations in

February. However, securing the IMF green light does not pose a serious problem for Jordan, which is often cited by the international watchdog as a showcase success of adherence to IMF programmes.

Mr. Gammo said the Council of Ministers had approved an agreement that the Ministry of Finance and the Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) reached with the London Club in June covering all the Kingdom's commercial debts.

of Paris Club talks "We have started the process of finalising the agree-Jordan Times Staff Reporter - which involves bilateral accords with the 80 or so commercial banks and agencies grouped under the London Club umbrella — the minister

Jordan gets extension

According to CBJ figures, Jordan's total foreign debts stood at JD 5,203.1 million (\$7,595 million), incloding contracted but non-disbursed loans, on Dec. 31, 1992.

Dr. Fanek said between \$500 millioo and \$750 million remained contracted but not disbursed, and hence the officially quoted debt figure of around \$7 billion. The CBJ figures, as of Dec.

31, 1992, showed: Long-term loans (including already rescheduled repay-ments) amounted to JD 4,803.6 million (\$7,012.5 milbon), bonds JD 156.6 million (\$228.6 million) and leasing contracts (Royal Jordanian aircraft) JD 246.8 million (\$360.4

A split-up showed that the Kingdom owed JD 378.6 million (\$552 million) to Arab governments and development funds (governments JD 32.8 million, the Saudi Fund for Development JD 119.5 million and the Iraqi Fund for Development JD 9.9 million.

The Kingdom's debts to industrialised countries stood at JD 2,668 million (\$3,895 millin), including governments as well as export credit agencies. Of these, JD 635.2 million (\$927.3 million) in principal and JD 163.4 million (\$238.5 million) in interest have already been rescheduled.

Japan figured as the largest creditor of Jordan, accounting for JD 904.6 million (\$1,320.8 million), followed by the U.S. with JD 466.5 million (\$681 million), France JD 414.4 millioo (\$604.5 million), the United Kingdom with JD 379.8 million (\$554.1 million) and Germany with JD 284.8 million (\$415.6 million).

(Continued on page 10)

Palestinian right in East Jerusalem," he said. in discussing confederation. Jordan and the PLO were expecting Israel "annexed" the eastern

Israel objects to the establisbment of an independent Palestinian state in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip and favours

Combined agencies

MOGADISHU — As pol ical divisions over the U.N. cualition's mission deepened, iol-

ence and insecurity stalled relief

efforts, and aid workers see no

there would be devastating con-

sequences if the world body's

relief effort in Somalia ended in

James Jonah, deputy secretary-

general for political affairs, said

the U.N. should not change its

policy in Somalia and that milit-

ary operations against forces

loyal to fugitive Somali warlord

Mohammad Farrah Aideed

would continue in Mogadishu.

early end in sight.

of the foreign troops.

failure.

The United Nations cannot afford to bow to pressure from Gen. Aideed, because that would only encourage other warlords to challenge U.N. authority, he

Mr. Jonah said the U.N. operation was "no mifferent from the

operation io Kuwait," Rome has hinted it might with-"If we fail in Somalia, the draw its 2,400 peacekeepers from repercussions will be devastating, Somalia unless the United Nanot only in Somalia but throughtions more clearly defines the role out the world, because it would show the U.N. cannot sustain A top U.N. official warned that

such operations." , Germany said F. iday it was going ahead with plans to deploy some 1.700 troops in Somalia despite a rising number of incidents in which its soldiers have come under fire aimed at U.N.

A spokesman for Chancellor Helmut Kohl said a main force of some 1,500 troops would begin flying to Mogadishu soon, despite

attacks by Somali rebels in the capital and shots fired at the German advance base in the north-central town of Belet A senior Italian envoy said

Gen. Bruno Loi, the Italian com-mander at the centre of the row between the U.N. and Italy, will remain in his post. "They asked for Loi's head at a

moment of clear emotion. For us there in no question of his withdrawal from Somalia," army Deputy Chief of Staff General Bruno Buscemi told the ANSA news agency in Mogadisbu.

Gen. Buscemi, one of two envoys Rome has sent to Somalia for talks to try to resolve the row. also said there was currently "no concrete possibility" that Italy's troops would be withdrawn from Somalia or redeployed outside Mogadishu.

The United Nations had asked

Political crisis, violence hit Somalia relief Italy to withdraw Gen. Loi, who leads 2,600 Italians in the 23nation U.N. mission in Somalia. U.N. diplomats bave accused him of taking orders from Rome rather than the U.N. command in

the African country. Italy refused, saying it was a matter of national sovereignty. Foreign Minister Benjaminio Andreatta and Defence Minister Fabio Fabbri have said Italy was committed to its mission in Somalia but wanted the U.N.'s

Aid agencies, meanwhile, resumed debveries of food Friday this seaside capital but trucks were heavily guarded. An esti-mated 100,000 people depend on food aid in the city.

methods clarified.

Other programmes in Mogadishu continued only sporadically because of "insecurity and the very limited ability to safely move in the city," said a report by the

United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), released Friday. It said the capital was likely to remain unstable for months. The capital plunged into near-anarchy after 24 Pakistani

peacekeepers died in an ambush June 5. That fighting was blamed on gunmen loyal to Gen. Aideed. Gun battles have raged almost every day, culminating io a massive rocket and cannon attack by U.S. helicopters and troops July 12 on a villa purportedly used as a command centre by Aideed fight-

Mobs outraged by the raid, which the International Red Cross said killed 57 Somalis, retaliated by killing four foreign journalists covering the scene.

Italy and other critics, including aid workers, say such aggressive military action jeopardises chances to resolve the dispute

the programme.

voy Rolf Ekeus met with Deputy Iraq wants a commitment that Prime Minister Tared Aziz Friday the trade sanctions imposed by in an attempt to resolve the dis-

cessions from Bagbdad, unless he

On Jan. 17, after Iraq blocked U.N. inspection flights, the United States fired 45 missiles at a Baghdad factory linked to a nuc-

lear weapons programme.

In New York, U.N. and Iraqi

Proceeds of the sale are to go



Palestinians united to fight

after attacking soldiers.

"I want to die for Pales tine," said Sindi, 26, who said he spent three years in Israel's Ketziot prison, where he dropped allegiance to the mainstream Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and became a Muslim fun-

"I like belonging to the Islamic Jihad because it is violent." he said.

underground fighters known as "matlabin." almost romantic nothing-tolose image in the streets of

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and respect. Militants, particularly in

would pull back its troops, Their violent acts promise more turmoil in the occupied

agreement is reached. in dis Khan Yunis head

100 Palestinian activists.

Some were arrested and a few fled to Egypt, be explained. Others were killed by special units named 'Cberry" and "Samson," which have been accused by human rights groups of car-

ecutions in some cases. Yoash said, the army was losing control. Shooting attacks were a daily occurrence. The army called in reinforcements, set up observation posts an dispatched spe-

"Now, there is no problem. We can go anywhere we

His wanted poster is were being bunted.

PLO and Islamic activists are united in fighting Israeli soldiers. But their differences over the Arab-Israeli talks run deep, and the prospect of an agreement with Israel could ignite war among the

Masked militants have killed far more Arabs than Israelis, 54 to 12, so far this

"We are not afraid of the "occupation, but of. "onrselves," said Hussein

He was one of a dozen activists from at least three house with a corrugated plas-

Cyprus banks on EC entry irrespective of division

BRUSSELS (R) — President Glafcos Clerides of Cyprus said Friday he was banking on the island joining the Enropean Community (EC) whether or not there was a solution to the coun-

try's 19-year division. Mr. Clerides said he hoped the prospect of joining the EC would stimulate peace efforts on the island but that tying membership to a final solution to partition was not acceptable.

Cyprus has been split since 1974 when Turkish troops seized its northern third in the wake of a short-lived coup in Nicosia back-ed by the military junta then

ruling Greece. The EC's Executive Commission in Brussels said on June 30 Cyprus had to find a lasting settlement to its political problems before formal EC entry talks could begin and that the situation would be reviewed in 1995.

"I do not accept the linkage," Mr. Clerides said. "However, there is a very clear-cut provision that there will be a reassessment in 1995," he told a news confer-

He was speaking after Wednes-day meeting with European Commission President Jacques Delors, Mr. Delors' colleague Hans van den Broek, Belgian Prime Minister Jean-Luc Dehaene and Belgian Minister in Charge of

European Affairs Robert Urbain. "They (the EC) will finud out who is responsible for no progress," he said in a pessimistic appraisal of the chances for success in U.N.-backed peace talks.

"They will not penalise me by not allowing Cyprus to join the European Community... if the other (Turkish) side is being negative, certainly I will not be penalised for that."

A commission spokesman declined to comment on Clerides' interpretation of the pledge to a reassessment in 1995.

Asked wbether membership was realistic for a divided island, Mr. Clerides said the EC could legally bring the whole country into the fold even if the Turkishcontrolled part did not effectively participate,

He ruled ont any other formula, saying: "If the Republic of Cyprus is to join, it will be the whole republic of Cyprus but effective implementation will only take part in those areasunder the control of the govern-

ment of Cyprus,"
Mr. Clerides said exploratory talks should begin by September or October on a long list of issues such as economic adjustments and legislative reform to fall in line with a mass of EC rules. Formal membership talks would come later.

He said he had urged the community to get more involved in

ADC and FBI confer

World Trade Centre bombing prompted American-Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee (ADC) leaders to request "a pre-emptive meeting" with officials of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), ADC President Albert Mokhiber said Thursday.

proactive steps, to be sure the FBI is alert to the number of small instances that have surfaced, and make sure that there is not an explosion of these prob-lems across the country," he ex-

general atmosphere," he said, stressing that he "wanted to be Mr. Mokhiber said he was very careful not to stereotype the assured by the FBI that "we press as the press has stereotyped

NEWS IN BRIEF

U.S. to address Israeli concern over shipping

WASHINGTON (USIA) - State Department Spokesman Michael McCurry said Thursday that Israel has complained to the United States about the U.S. navy's effort to enforce United Nations trade sanctions against Iraq. U.S., French and British Navy ships have been maintaining an international naval blockade of the Strait of Tiran, which links the Red Sea with the Gulf of Aqaba, stopping, inspecting and often diverting cargo ships, According to the July 15 New York Times, Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres told a parliamentary committee that diverting Israeli ships bound for Eilat at the head of the Gulf of Aqaba to ships bound for Eliat at the head of Israel bas made known to Mediterranean ports was unacceptable. "Israel bas made known to us its concerns that the embargo on Iraq impedes access to the port of Eilat," Mr. McCurry said. "We're seeking to address Israeli or mat, Mr. McCurry said. We're seeming or audiess istaell concerns without jeopardising the integrity of the embargo of goods to Iraq." The spokesman said he could not provide a detailed explanation of how the enforcement of U.N. sanctions on Iraq was being conducted. "We're doing the best joh we can to help enforce the U.N.-ordered sanctions on Iraq," Mr. McCurry said. "We do the best job we can in an area that clearly has got multiple access points, multiple ports."

Khartoum summons suspects in coup bid

KHARTOUM (AFP) - Sudanese authorities have summoned 20 people, including the country's former army commander-in-chief, to report to a special commission investigating what it says was a recent plot to overthrow the government. The summons, carried in recent plot to overthrow the government. The summons, carried in the local press and signed by commission chairman Abdul Rahman Ahmad Ibrahim, gives the 20 men one week from Thursday, July 15, to comply. Otherwise, they will be tried in absentia, the statement warms. The list carried the names of former amystratement warms. commander-in-chief General Fathi Ahmad Ali, former deputyl chief of staff for operations General Abdul Rahman Saced, and former bead of security Major General Hadi Bushra as well as those of 11 ex-officers and six civilians. In another development officials here said a date will be determined next week for the trial of 13 other suspects arrested in mid-May on charges of plotting to hlow up strategic installations and to assassinate certain political leaders. If convicted the suspects face penalties of death or life in

Saudis execute Afghan, Pakistani drug smugglers

DUBAI (R) - A Pakistani and an Afghan convicted of smuggling beroin into Saudi Arabia were beheaded in Riyadh on Friday, the Interior Ministry said. The ministry, in separate statements issued by the official Saudi Press Agency, identified the men as Khalil Al Rahman Mobammad, a Pakistani, and Qalab Adam Mohammad an Afghan who was caught carrying the heroin in his stomach.

Saharan chief sides with Morocco

RABAT (AFP) - A Western Sahara tribal chief allied with the Polisario Front has gone over to the Moroccan government, preserved reports said here Friday. They named him as Ahmad Salem Ould Al Bachir of the Sahrawi clan the Rguibet Al Moudnine. He was part of a delegation of desert sheikhs close to Polisario who took part in the latest abortive talks in Geneva on who would be eligible to vote in a referendum on self-determination. L'Opinion newspaper said Mr. Bachir was a great expert on the region's tribes. News of his change of sides came as pro-Morocco and pro-Polisario tribal chiefs were due to meet in Western Sahara's chief town Al Ayun to establish criteria for identifying the Sahrawi electorate,

Arrow missile launch aborted

TEL AVIV (AP) - An attempt to launch and innovative Israeli air-to-air antimissile missile was aborted at the last minute Wednesday, Israel army radio reported. It was to be the sixth experimental launch of the U.S.-funded Hetz, or Arrow missile. The Arrow is the first missile designed to destroy enemy missiles in the air. The United States funded its development as part of the now moribund Strategic Defence Initiative. A navy ship lannched a simulated chemical warhead off the coast of Israel at 11:30 a.m., local time (8:30 GMT), but the Arrow was not launched immediately afterwards to intercept it as planned, the radio said. The radio said failed attempts were not unusual in the history of the Arrow, noting the first successful launch attempt was last winter. Engineers at Israel Aircraft Industries were investigating the the radio said. The launch was rescheduled end of August, it said.

Shoddy maintenance blamed for 1991 crash

OTTAWA (AFP) - The 1991 crash of a Canadian DC-8-67 aircraft carrying Nigerian pilgrims to Mecca has been blamed or shouldy maintenance work hy the aircraft owner's maintenance workers. All 247 Nigerian passengers and 14 Canadian crew died is the July 11, 1991, crash at King Abdul Aziz International Airpor in Jeddah, Saudi Arabia. According to an inquiry hy the Saud government, released Thursday simultaneously in Jeddah and by Canada's Transportation Safety Board, maintenance crews knew that tyre pressure was low four days before the disaster.

Egypt gunmen kill Christian ASSIUT (R) - Gunmen killed a Christian shopkeeper and shotal a plainclothes police detective in separate incidents in Upper Egypt, security sources said on Friday. The sonrces said two unidentified gunmen shot and killed Mohsen Maurice Yassa, a Christian shopkeeper in the militant stronghold of Dayrut 200 kilometres sonth of Cairo, as he closed his family's shop Thursday evening. In Aswan in southern Egypt, a gunman opened fire on Farouk Badari, a senior detective, as he drove home on the Nileside cornicbe from the police station where he works. My Badari was unhurt and the attacker fled. Police suspect Music

Pakistan expels suspected extremists CAIRO (AP) — Pakistani anthorities are deporting about 250 workers of an Afghan relief agency as suspected Muslim extrem-

militants are behind both incidents, the sources added.

ists, a government-owned newspaper reported Thursday. Al Ahram, Egypt's largest paper, qnoted Arabs in Peshawar, in northwestern Pakistan, as saying most of the suspects are Egyptians but some also are Algerians and Tunisians. The newspaper did not identify the agency other than say it is based in Peshawar and works inside Afghanistan. Cells of fundamentalists opposed to Egypt's largely secular government work out of the Peshawar area, training extremists in the use of arms.

Israel, but fear infighting

BY Nicolas B. Tatro The Associated Press

RAFAH. Occupied Gaza Strip — Ashraf Jamil Hussein Sindi is one of the angry young men of Gaza.

A few years ago, he was a waiter in a Tel Aviv restaurant. Today, he cradles a Kalashnikov automatic rifle in his lap and says he bas been on the run from the Israeli army for five months

damentalist warrior.

He is one of scores of

(wanted). They have acquired an Gaza, where they are treated as heroes out of what seems to be equal measures of fear

Gaza's crowded refugee camps, are gaining strength just as older, more moderate Palestinian politicians are trying to negotiate a self-rule agreement under which Israel

territories even if a peace

quarters a few kilometres north of here, Israeli Colone Yoash Ruhin has a wanted poster showing more than Twenty-two of the faces

Another flicked the safety on and off a pistol an AK-47

rying out extra-judicial ex-Six months ago, Col.

cial units against about 130 leading activists in his sector. "We succeeded in eliminating 50 per cent of the wanted guys," he said.

want, day or night." marked "secret." Army spokesmen said Israel concealed the names and faces so as not to tip off activists they

Jumaa Edris Awad, 25.

different Palestinian factions who gathered to speak with a reporter in a simple stone tic roof in Rafah's Shabura

refugee camp.
They sipped sweet tea and showed off their arsenal. One unscrewed the pin from a

with a smile that it was a dud.

assault rifle was passed from one to another. A 10-year-old boy hovered nervously at the door. His' joh was to ferry weapons in and out of the room. At one point, he tucked a small, black automatic in the back of his jeans and pulled his

shirt down to conceal it. Awad, who claimed he had heen wanted for three. months, said the nature of the battle against occupation had changed dramatically since the early days of the uprising in December 1987. when large crowds poured into the streets.

"In the beginning, the intifada was a mass revolt. Today it is controlled by the factions and carried out by the matluhin (wanted)," said Awad, a leader of the Fatch Hawks, a group loyal to PLO leader Yasser Arafat.

Awad, a college dropout with a stubble beard and close-cropped black bair, views Mr. Arafat as "my president," He bopes the PLO and Israel will reach a peace agreement so that he can get married, settle down have a son to carry on

Sindi, who lost his right arm mishandling a grenade, rejected any idea of compromise and said Jews should bve under Islamic rule.

Awad and Sindi agreed on one thing: Peace between Israel and the PLO would tonch off bloodshed among

Palestinian factions. "If there is peace with Israel, there will be a civil war here," said Sindi, looking across the room at Awad.
"Of course, we will kill each other,. It is known,"

on anti-Arab incidents

WASHINGTON (USIA) - A Arah Americans or Muslims rash of anti-Arab hate incidents based on their national origin, religion, or political views ... that in the United States since the we will not become scapegoats ...that there will not be political fishing expeditions into our com-3,000 Christian Arab Americans in California, Mr. Mokhiber said, he found "a great deal of concern ...about this new anti-Arab fer-

Mr. Mokhiber said be and ADC Legal Affairs Director Gregory Nojeim met with Neil Gallagher and Mike Kahoe of the FBI's Bureau of Intelligence in an attempt to bead off any wave of hysteria stemming from the New York incident.

"We wanted to take some

"We're pleased with the meet-ing. We share untually onr con-cern about the safety and well-being of our community. The FBI shared our concern on this issue, as they bave in the past," Mr.

He said that any time there's a conflict in the Middle East "there's a backlash against the American-Arah community," and Arab Americans in the United States have experienced an increase since the World Trade

Centre bombing. "Fortunately, it has not been as great as it was in the past, but there have been enough incidents reported to prompt our meeting

with the FBI," he said. would not be investigated as us."

Kollek fires Amirav for seeking 're-divided city'

JERUSALEM'S Israeli mayor, Teddy Kollek Wednesday stripped Meretz city conncilman Moshe Amirav of all his municipal responsibilities in response to Amirav's recent call for dual Israeli-Arab sovereignty over the city and the establishment of two separate municipalities, Amirav is responsible for the

city's roads and fransportation. He, together with fellow Meretz councillor Sarah Kaminker and others, recently established a new political movement called Peace for the Sake of Jerusalem, which in a press state ment claimed the annexation of Jerusalem is "illegal, and (based on) the demal of political rights to the Palestinian people of East Jerusalem." The movement is trying to put together an Arab- in the election, his list could

municipal election. step because Amirav's recent coalition: statements violated a commit-

wall municipal coalition. Amirav said yesterday be accepts Koilek's decision. are, in fact, now an ideological opposition, and if he hadn't done this, I probably should have resigned the post on my own," he said. He noted, however that Kollek's move had little significance, given that it was so close to the election.

At a recent conference of some

vor. So it was an assurance that I

think was very necessary at this

time in our community."

Mr. Mokhiber said since the

World Trade Centre bombing,

Arah Americans bave been

harassed for their mode of dress.

have recieved death threats, and

a mosque in New Jersey has been vandalised.

The rise in the climate of anti-

Arah and anti-Muslim hysteria in

some instances can be attributed

to printed media and "supposed experts on terrorism" who appear

on television "to expound an Israeli point of view," he said.

"What we're seeing in the press

these articles - these op-ed

(opinion) pieces - so-called ter-

rorism experts who are basically

peddling hate against our com-

munity are lending towards the atmosphere that allows the 'cra-

zies' to come out and act against

us. It's a very dangerous situa-

Mr. Mokhiber cited other inst-

ances that denigrated the Arab-

American community, such as a

Washington Post cartoon July 3.
"That kind of racism adds to the

tion," he pointed out.

Amirav said that if the PLO would support his list and encourage eastern Jerusalem Arabs to vote for it, it could win five seats in the city council. He and other group members are to fly to Tunis within the next week or two to try to tell Yasser Arafat on the list,he said.

With polls predicting the right and the religious gaining strength Jewish list to run in the upcoming prove crucial to Kollek, should the latter win the mayoral race

Kolick said he had taken this, and bave to scramble to form a

Amirav conceded, however, that without PLO backing, it

ment made in January to avoid have been blotted out by red the peace process, both to see political statements opposing the might not pay for the list to run how both sides were behaving said Awad with a shrug. grenade, saying afterward consensus held by the wall-to-The Jerusalem Post. **Growing momentum** ruling party for talks with PLO

By Karin Laub The Associated Press

TEL AVIV --- "Who is against talking to the PLO?," a legislator from Prime Minister Yitzhak Rahin's Lahour Party asked about 35 colleagues in a meeting this Only one band went up.

The informal poll illustrates the growing push in Israel's governing party towards negotiations with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) as the only way to break the deadlock in the Middle East peace talks.

Advocates of talking to the PLO leadership say Palestinian negotiators in Washington are middlemen without authority, and that PLO

JORDAN TELEVISION

Tel: 773111-19

chairman Yasser Arafat can offer concessions and make a

"The Palestinian negotiators all get their instructions from Tunis, and in general, mediators take a cut," said Labour legislator Rafi Edri, who asked for the sbow of hands at the Labour meeting. The PLO, long branded a "terrorist" organisation hy Israel, has its headquarters in the Tunisian capital.
"I'd prefer to talk directly

to Tunis, without paying the cut," Mr. Edri said.

The doves in Israel today have a majority in the 18member cahinet and among the 62 coalition legislators. They have not yet dared to challenge Mr. Rabin openly in Israel's over the issue, but a showdown seems inevitable if

In the meantime, the doves are exerting increasing pressure on Mr. Rabin to soften his opposition to negotiations with the PLO. Right after Mr. Rabin took

soon in the talks.

office last year, they raised the issue in the cabinet, a historic first. Months later. they pushed a bill through parliament lifting the ban on meetings with the PLO. though Mr. Rabin initially tried to delay the vote. And they make sure the

issue remains at the centre of public debate here. This week, a government source leaked to an Israeli newspaper that a senior

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 30, Aqaba 36, Humidity readings: Amman 41 per cent, Aqaba 22 per

USEFUL TELEPHONE

ing secretly with PLO leaders, and that the contacts there is no breakthrough have Mr. Rabin's blessing. Akiva Eldar, political com-

mentator for the Haaretz daily, said the motivation of the leak "was to impose the PLO on Rabin, to include the issue on the public agenda and to embarrass Rabin." Mr. Rabin's office issued a

lukewarm denial, but the story was the main topic on talk shows and in editorials. Mr. Rabin believes that if he accepts the PLO as a negotiating partner, Mr. Ara-fal will demand talking about a Palestinian state immediately, instead of moving slowly in two stages, with

terim settlement.

Palestinian self-rule as an in-

"Once you sit with Yasser

capital Jerusalem and No. 3 the right of return" by Palestinian refugees, Housing Minister Benjamin Ben-Eliezer, a Rabin ally, told the Associated Press. Mr. Rabin believes Arafat

Palestinian state, No. 2 its

has no interest in Palestinian autonomy because it would strengthen an independent leadership in the occupied territories that could become a serious rival to the PLO. Mr. Rabin's critics counter

that Mr. Arafat bas an interest in seeing the talks succeed quickly, even with autonomy as an interim step because the PLO's Muslim fundamentalist rivals feed on failnre and every day without agreement strengthens them. A new element of the Israeli public debate is its

pragmatism, considering that for years the PLO was reviled as enemy number one, a ruthless "terror" organisation bent on destroying the Jewish state. Today, the argument has

shifted from "whether" to "when" to talk to the PLO. Even Mr. Rahin does not rule out eventual negotiations. He just says the time is not right ye1. Journalist Amnon Levy. describing this week's meet-ing of Labour legislators,

talking to the PLO cited tactical, not ideological reasons. "The terrible hostility that once was there against the man with the stubble on his face (Arafat) has dis-

noted that those opposed to

Israeli official has been meet-Arafat, he will say, No. 1 appeared," Mr. Levy wrote. JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

PROGRAMME TWO 18:00 Les Aventuries de l'Espace 18:30 Envoye Special Envoye Special News in French Fenetre sur News in Hebre News in Arabi 22:30 Varieties 22:30 News in English 22:20 Feature Film: "Backlash"

PRAYER TIMES

7H10L10M9_3W9CHURCHES

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifich, St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tel.

De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasancia Church Tel: 622366 Terrasancia Church Tet: 022000 Church of the Angunciation Tel. Anglicae Church Tel. 630851, Tel. 628543. Armenian Catholic Church Tel. 771331. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel.: 775261. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Amman International Church Tel. 652526. Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: 824328. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 823824, 654932 Church of Nazarene Tel.675691.

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

Normal summer weather will prevail and winds will be westerly moderate.

NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY** Dr. Abdul Aziz Tabe 661912 623672 636730 644945 637660 Al Quds Pharmacy

Dr. Tarco Hijjawi

EMERGENCIES Food Control Centre

. 630341 Civil Defense Emergency 199
Rescue Police 192, 621111, 637777
Fire Brigade 891228
Blood Bank 775121
Highway Police 843402
Traffic Police 896390 Water and Sewerage Complaints..... 787111 Telephone Information (directory assistance) verseas Calls Central Amman Telephon 661101 773111 774111 ... 815615 636381 RJ Flight Information 08-53200 Oueen Alia Intl. Airport..... 08-53200

HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre 213813/32 Khalidi Malernity. J. Amn ... 644281/6 Khalidi Malernity, J. Amn. 644281/6
Akileh Maternity, J. Amn. 642441/2
Jabel Amman Maternity 642362
Malhas, J. Amman 636140
Palestine, Shmeisani 664171/4
Shmeisani Hospital 669131
University Hospital 845845
Al-Muasher Hospital 667227/9
The Islamic, Abdali 666127/37
Al-Abla Babdai 666127/37 ... 669131 ... 845845 667227/9 666127/37 664164/6 777101/3 891611/15

ZAROA: Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital ... (09)900560 Iba Sina Hospital (09)986732 Al Hikms Modern Hospital (09) 99090

Princess Basma Hospital ... (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100 AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111

FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL **AIRPORT**

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified.

ARHIVALS

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) 18:31 12:25

Other Flights (Terminal 2) 13:30 14:35 17:45 Muscat, Doha (GF)

Rome (AZ)

Larnacs (CY)

Cairo (MS)

Dubai, Damascus (EM)

Larnaca (CY)

Paris, Damascus (AS)

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) Beirut (FU)
Amsterdam, New York (RU)
Litabud (IU)
Paris, Brussels (IU)
Geneva, Madrid (RU)
Cairo (RU) London (RJ Bahrain, Doha (RJ) Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RI)

DEPARTURES

Other Flights (Terminal 2) Lamaca (CY)
Beirat (ME) Sunas (IY

Beans
Cabbage
Carrot
Carrot
Cherry (red)
Cucumbers (large)
Cucumbers (small)
Exceptant 750/60 Grapes Lemon 250 / 200 650/550 140 / 70 600/500 360 / 300 300 / 229 230/ 150 130/ 60 240/150 140/60

MARKET PRICES

"Rus ing that fall on fuel the was ouc saving. He a pared t reachin zia imi ceasefir the buf Abkh fused to ment w iament

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Leaders agree to form unifying panel after 5- hour boisterous conferences

By Sa'eda Kilani Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Insisting that they should emerge with "something" from a five-hour conference aimed at unifying women's ranks, women leaders, trying to conduct business over the boisterous behaviour of attendees, Friday agreed to form a committee to implement the principles of a. draft paper presented at the con-

The proposal forwarded by women's activist Intisar Jardaneh called for the implementation of the draft paper which was prepared and presented by a committee formed earlier this year and for the representation of women from all sectors and unions in Jordan.

The draft paper, which took almost six months to research and prepare, is no different in content from that of the National Strategy for Women adopted last month. The difference is that the prin-

ciples and objectives of the national strategy rely on the Jordanian Constitution, the National Charter and the Islamic Sharia, while the draft presented at the popular conference based its aspirations and aims on women's rights.

But both call for the implementacion of the same objectives. The five-page draft paper cal-led for the amendment of all laws and legislation that are inconsistent with women's rights; defending women's rights at work; encouraging women to join political parties; giving equal opportuni-ties to males and females in the educational field; promoting social values and raising public

awareness of women's rights. "The split the women's movement is suffering from in the local arena is evidently being reflected in the conference," Ms. Jardaneh

batch of trainees at the Noor Al

Hussein Foundation's (NHF) Salt _

Handicrafts Training Centre graduated Thursday in a cere-mony patronised by Under

Secretary of the Mioistry of

icraft items produced by students

for permanent display was also be

inaugurated on the same occa-

Jone a free three-year training

and study programme at the cen-

tre in two areas of bandicrafts

production: ceramics and weav-

ing. The centre will also extend

its services to graduates by assist-

ing them to start their own

income-generating crafts

Launehed as a joint project

The 14 graduates have under-

sion.

Tel Or

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dah as 1

A show room in which hand-

Education Munther Al Masri.



Activists Thursday review issues towards unifying women's ranks at Women's Popular Conference (Petra photo)

said in obvious protest against the rising voices and chaos at the meeting held at Abdul Hamid

Shoman Foundation. "We all came here with a yearning to at least achieve a unified formula that would bind women's efforts in Jordan and

implement their aims." "A unified formula" was in fact the main point of contendon among women activists present at the conference.

On one side, some women called for a mergence of the two women's unions in Jordan into one that represents all Jordanian

The other stream, which included presidents of both unions, Asma Khader and Haifa Abu Ghazaleb, strongly objected to this proposal and called for another hinding formula to

women's efforts and aspirations. The final version to Ms. Jardaneh's proposal, which was nearly unanimously approved by

2nd batch of trainees in ceremony

lian governments in 1987, the

centre is administered by Noor Al

Hussein Foundation in coopera-

non with the Salt Development Corporation (SDC) and the Ita-lian Company for Technical

Cooperation and Engineering

NHF National Handicrafts De-

velopment Project. Its mission is

closely tied in with the overall

NHF comprehensive and inte-

grated approach to development,

whereby traditionally-rooted and

locally available resources are

utilised, both to preserve Jor-

dan's national heritage and to help craftsmen and women

launch their income-generating

schemes, to enhance their living

Since May 1988, however, the

NHF Salt Handicraft Centre graduates

women participants, stipulated that the follow-up committee, that would be in charge of pursuing the implementation of the objectives called for in the draft paper, consist of representatives of: the preparatory committee that prepared and chaired the Friday meeting, the General Un-ion of Jordanian Women (GUJW), the Women's Union in Jordan (WUJ), the different governorates, women's committees and independent women perso-

Another point of contention at the conference was what some women saw as unequal representation in all sectors and categories of the conference itself. Some complained that women chairing the meeting or those who took part in drafting the working paper were not elected; others pointed to the absence of women representatives from the refugee

teachers, and training Jordanians

centre has operated as part of the mics and weaving underwent and ceramics training programme

eight months of specialised train-

ing in Italy.
In addition to training in cera-

mics and weaving, the centre operates as a school, offering courses in such topics as Arabic,

English, Islamic education,

general sciences, management,

activities encompass teaching and

training, documentation and re-

As they stand now, the centre's

marketing and design,

standards, and to reinforcing search, community services and

both at home and in Italy.

meeting consisted of: Laila Naffa' (Jordanian Communist Party). Huda Fakhouri (Jordanian Arab Democratic Party), Rifqa Dodin (writer). Suleimeh Qammas (Islamist-independent), and Ibrisam Al Amoush (Islamist from the Jordan Valley). Haifa Jamal (Jordanian People's Democraric Party) and Suhair Al Tal (independent) pendent) withdrew, Samira Fayyad, a representative of Muslim Brotherhood was absent.

Member of the Upper House of Parliament, Laila Sharaf, who left shortly before the conference came to an end, called earlier in iles speech for the establishment of a unified movement that would overcome political differences and personal disputes "for the sake of realising a common objective: the woman's cause, society's cause," she said.

"This is our common dream that we yearn to achieve on the public and personal levels," she

Centre's building in downtown Salt, the SHTC is planning to

with Similar programmes in

jewelry, metalworks and glass-works. Some historical buildings

in Salt will he renovated to

accommodate new craft program-

mes, craft production units, shops

(22) finished their training prog-ramme in 1992, and according to

centre sources, most of them

have already started their own

The first batch of graduates

The Italian government has The centre's free three-year provided about ID one million in training programme has been

the first phase of the project to accredited by the Ministry of cover equipment purchases and Education and is open to students the costs necessary for bringing from all parts of Jordan.

Italian consultants to train craft

Housed in the SDC's Cultural

In 1989, five trainers in cera- supplement its existing weaving

Jordan invited to meeting on protecting war victims

AMMAN (J.T.) — Swiss Amhas-sador to Jordan Gian Federico Pedotti Thursday delivered to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs a formal invitation to participate in a bigh level international conference on the protection of war

By this inidative, the Swiss Federal Council wants to draw attention to the importance of international humanitarian law at a time when armed conflicts take place all over the planet, said a Swiss embassy press release.

According to the statement, the states which signed the Geneva Conventions of August 12, 1949 took the engagement to respect and to enforce the laws particularly concerning the protection of war victims. The conference's main objective is to remind the states of the obligations they contracted in this regard and to take steps to improve the implementation of humanitarian laws, said the release.

The conference will be presented a draft of the Final Declaration and a report established by the International Committee of the Red Cross, an impartial body of Swiss citizens, which is in charge of the application of the conventions and of the protection of victims.

Government experts from about 50 countries already met in Geneva at the end of April and prepared a draft declaration,

Palestinian **Affairs** report criticises **Judaisation**

AMMAN (Petra) - The monthly report of the Palesonian Affairs Department of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs has criticised Israeli measures taken to Judaise the Arab city of Jerusalem and the Jewish state's violations of human rights in the occupied territor-

of Jerusalem

ies during the month of June.
The report said Israel, which has imposed a siege on the holy city of Jerusalem for the past Arab citizens to leave the city through the imposition of a new tax under the pretext of providing services to them.

It said the tax, known as the Amona in Hebrew, aims to exhaust the Palestinian eco-nomy and undermine its infrastructure.

The collection of the tax is usually accompanied by arrests of Palestinians, breaking into Palestinian homes and expropriating of their property, it

As a result of the collection campaign, it added, 450 Arah citizens of Jerusalem were forced to close their businesses and stores.

The report also slammed Israel's violations of places of worsbip, saying several mos-ques were shut down by the occupation authorities in Nablus, Bethlehem and Jenin.

In Gaza City, it said, a mos que was destroyed and the Islamic academy in the city was artacked by soldiers who broke its doors.

Since the Israeli occupacion started, the report remarked, more than three million dunums of Palestinians land were expropriated and 206 Israeli settlements were built in the occupied territories.

It noted that the government of Yitzhak Rabin has allocated great sums of money for ex-panding existing settlements. saying that the government has spent on settlement activities between last November and June one billion shekels, excluding amounts spent on settlement activities in East Jerusalem or on opening roads between settlements.

Also as the dispute over the future of occupied Jerusalem continues, the Israeli authorities continue construction activities in the eastern part of the city with the aim of achieving a demographic majority of Jewish inhabitants, the report said, explaining that 55 per cent of the inhabitants of East Jerusalem are Arabs while the rest

are Jews. The report also said the occupation authorities continue to destroy agricultural lands in the West Bank and Gaza Strip.
It also dwelt oo the plight of

Palestinians being detained by Israeli forces, saying an average of 10,000 Palestinians are being detained annually and exposed to various forms of

20th political party legalised Founders are prominent, liberal pan-Arabists

By Mariam M. Shahin

Jordan Times Staff Reporter AMMAN — The Jordanian Arab Democratic Party (JADP) be-came Jordan's 20th legalised political party this week, some four months ahead of the Kingdom's first multi-party legislative elec-tions in more than 20 decades.

Composed of several prominent, liberal pan-Arab political personalities, the JADP is seen by observers as a high profile party because of the political experience of its founding mem-

Although the date for the upcoming general elections has not been announced, most political observers expect the elections to take place in the first ten days of November.

Political party's are awaiting an announcement by the government of possible changes in the Election Law before they announce who their candidates are and where they will field them. The notion of one manone-vote, a change in the number and composition of electoral districts and a possibility of holding primary elections have all been part of a well-publicised political debate between the government, political parties and the public since the beginning of the year.

parties, a grouping to which the oewly legalised JADP belongs, support fundamental changes in

the current election law. Main founders of JADP, Munes Razzaz, Mazen Al Saket, Huda Fakhouri, Mohammad Daoudieh and Samir Habashneh half have all been politically acrive for des. more than a decade.

Two, Munes Razzaz, the party's secretary general and Mohammad Daoudieb, current director of the press at the Royal Hashemite Court, are well-known to the public through their work as journalists and writers.

Mazen Saket, a former banker, was instrumental in bankers union poliocs, and Dr. Fakhouri, a prominent dennist and political activist, was one of twelve women who nasuccessfully ran in the 1989 parliamentary elections.

The party doctrine is based on a reformed concept of pan-Arab politics. Almost all of the party's members were former Baathists and more traditionally minded pan-Arabists (mostly Iraqi Baathists) who became disillusioned with what they saw as the lack of democratic workings of the party. Almost all the founding mem-

bers are in their fonies. Mr. Saket and Dr. Fakhouri

Most of the pan-Arab left wing were both unsuccessful candidates during the 1989 legislative elections. They ran in the third district of Amman and Balga

respectively. The legalisation of JADP brings the number of liberal, pan-Arab and leftist parties to ten or half of all registered political par-

In addition to JADP, they include the Jordan-Arah Socialisi Baath Party, Progressive Arab Baath Party, the Jordanian Communist Party, the Jordanian Democrane Socialist Party, the Freedom Party, the Jordanian Democratic Popular Unity Party. the Jordanian Democratic People's Party and the Jordanian Democratic Progressive Party.

Other parties that have been officially registered with the Ministry of Interior include two Islamist parties, the Islamic Ac-oon Front and Dua'a or the Arab Democratic Islamic Movement: five conservative parties. Al Ahd. Al Watan, the Awakening (Yakaza), Jordanian National Alliance, and the Popular Unity Party; as well as three centrist parties which include Al Mustakhal, the Party for Justice and

Court rules to reinstate ex-officials retired by former minister

take the case to court.

our posts," said Dr. Karans.

their legal and financial rights lost

Abdullah Hijazi told the Jor-

dan Times that he was one of the

seven who declined to sue the

ministry, but added, "our group

will now examine the court deci-

sion and submit a memorandum

to the Prime Ministry demanding

since September last year.

By Elia Nasrallah Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — A group of ex-senior Ministry of Education officials who won a Higher Court of Justice verdict for their reinstatement in their former posts are awaiting mioor formalities before resuming their work with

the ministry.
"We fought a decision by the former minister of education to retire us oo pension for eight long months in the courts before we finally won our rights," said Mahdi Karans one of the 18member group which sued the ministry.

Dr. Karans, who had served as director of education in Balqa governorate before the ministry decided to retire him along with other officials in September 1992, told the Jordan Times Friday that he and his colleagues are quite pleased with the court ruling and take pride in the Jordanian judiciary for serving justice.

back to work and in serving our country, hut this depends on a Prime Ministry decision ordering the education ministry to reinstate us in light of last Wednesday's Higher Court of Justice verdict," he said.

In September 1992 former Minister of Education Thougan Hindawi retired 25 senior minis-

Crowds throng to see Alameh

at Jerash

By Roufan Nahhas Special to the Jordan Times

JERASH -- To some 2,500 spectators who succeeded in getting a seat at Thursday night's performance by Lebanese singer Ragheh Alameh at the Jerash Festival, the event was a memorable delight. For the famous singer, it was equally splendid as be said:
"We hope that the voice of joy and love will reach our people in the occupied territories." But for many who were entangled in the chaos that ensued that evening as huge crowds struggled to enter the South Theatre, the experience was less than pleasant.

At the main gate, according to Al Ra'i Arabic daily, Civil Defence personnel attempted to assist the people in getting through but some were injured in the "disorganised process."

Families, the paper said, faced a problem when some women successfully passed the main gate. but then found themselves separated from their husbands or brothers ontside, which created a higger problem for the security forces in bringing the crowd under control. Al Ra'i indirectly blamed the

ushers for the lack of organisation. As the crowd grew, the officers resorted to using Mace, belts and clubs to push them back, according to eyewitnesses.
According to some theatre

goers children and women began screaming as the special forces forced the crowd back. Some women fainted wheo they were pushed aside and were taken away by ambulance, they said.

Many who entered the theatre said they found all the seats had been taken, although they held tickets

Still others who continued to struggle outside were allowed to enter after four hours only to hear Mr. Alameb sing his last

the right to be reinstated along try employees who considered the move unjustified. with tbe others." According to Dr. Karans only "It is only reasonable to say 18 of the 25 retired decided to

that as long as the court had found the ministry's 1992 decision The other seven decided to null and void and unjustified, that accept the decision, he added. the government cancel the former 'Our dossiers give witness to our administrative decision high performance and our vast altogether and re-instate all the experience to justify our return to group members whether they sued the ministry or not," added The court also decided that the Mr. Hijazi. 18 claimants be given back all

Commenting on the court decision Minister of Education and Higher Education Khaled Al Omari said the ministry would respect the court verdict, noting that he had high regard for the judiciary authority and its rulings. Dr. Karans said that he did not

expect to return to duty before

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following tistings are compiled from monthly bulletins and time and place with the voncerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

Art exhibition by Korean artist Hong-Lyeon Lee at the Royal Cultural Centre.

* Art exhibition by Syrian artist Sakhr Farzat at the Balka Art Gallery, Fuheis City.

* Art exhibition by Syrian artist Nidal Al Sawasi at the Royal

* Art exhibition by Jamal Khmeish and Jihad Abu Suleiman at the Housing Bank Gallery.

* Art exhibition by Fadwa Al Nabulsi at the Phoenix Art Gallery.

LECTURE

Lecture, in Arabiv, entitled "The Crisis of Arabs and Muslims

- Is There Any Future?" by Dr. Ahmad Abul Majd at the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation — 7:30 p.m.

JERASH FESTIVAL

Arabic poetry recital at the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation at 5:30 p.m.

☆ Concerts by Lebanese singer Ragheb Alameh at 8:30 p.m. at the South Theatre of Jerash.

* Concert by the orchestra of the National Music Conservatory at the Royal Cultural Centre at 8 p.m.

Arabic play for children entitled "Nabil and Hisham at School" at 11 noon at the Palace of Culture.

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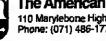
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Terms begin August 3, October 4, January 6

Amman studies feasibility of recycling garbage to be used as fertiliser

AMMAN - The Greater Amman Municipality has begun feasibility studies exploring the possibility of producing bio gas by fermenting waste at its garbage dump sites,

Municipality sources said help in this project is being sought from Danish firms and the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and initial studies suggest that the project could be implemented early in 1994.

The municipality's garhage sites serve nearly 60 per cent of

Ruseifa, Zarqa, Sahab, Marj Al Hammam, Al Sukhneh, Um Malih, Al Muwaqar and more than 100 private firms said the

Plans are underway to find eligible firms to recycle the waste to be used as fertiliser, added the

The municipality is focusing attention on garbage collection and garbage processing and has recently re-organised its collecoon systems and purchased 10° new collection trucks.

the Kingdom's population be-cause they are being used by the municipalities of Amman, 5,500 trash receptacles in various districts, they said.

The sources added that more than 65 per cent of the JD 6 million annual allocation for sanitation services goes to gar-bage collecting. This sum, they added, constitutes 10 per cent of the overall municipality's annual

Recent studies conducted on the garbage dumped at various districts concluded that plastics, paper, nylon and metals are among those materials that could be recycled and re-used in Jor-

In the course of these re-Italy grants Jordan \$10m loan to develop rural areas

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan is to get \$10.03 million from the Rome-based International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD) as soft loan to help finance projects benefitting famities in the rural regions of the country.

Hassan Abu Nimeh, who signed

the deal with IFAD, voiced the

Kingdom's appreciation for the

loan, noting that Jordan was

looking forward to increased

families in the rural regions diver-Jordan's Ambassador to Italy

ote socio-economic development. The loan will be used to help

sify the sources of their income by embarking on different incomegenerating schemes. The project, expected to rost

\$19.68 million will benefit nearly

18,000 families in the rurs re-

Arah Fund for Social and Economic Development which will offer \$8.1 million, while the Jordanian government will contribute a sum o \$1.6, million.

The wan will be re-lent to families t carry out such projects as livesto k breeding food pro-

duction and other projects.

Under the plan, rural families will get training on ways to ex-ploit water and improve food production: cooperation with

The balance will be covered

the Noor All ussein Foundation. through another loan from the

Majali meets with ALESCO chief

AMMAN (Petra) - Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali Thursday received in his office Director General of the Arab League Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (ALESCO) Mohammad Al Mili Al Ibrahimi who is currently on an official visit to Jordan. The meeting which was attended by Minister of Education and Higher Education Khaled Ai Omari focused on scopes of

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

cooperation between Jordan and ALESCO Jordan, Eritrea to form diplomatic ties AMMAN (Petra) - A Royal Decree has been issued endorsing the government's jecision to establish diplomatic relations with the 'ewly indepeodent state of Eritrea. Coinciding with the decree, the governments of Jordan and Eritrea issued official communiques declaring their decisioo to promote mutual cooperation at all levels.

Japan JEA

and a showroom.

Japan in Jordan. The training course will be supported by the government of Japan through the Japan Interna-

1992 to 1996, the course aims at providing the participants from Arab countries with an opportunity to upgrade relevant techni-

held for 17 weeks.

Japan also dispatched 3 young

Japanese volunteers to JEA, one for the Agaba Steam Power Station and others for the Zarqa Steam Power Station.

care Programme for the project on the Electric Training Centre. Japan has to date offered tecbnical cooperation to Jordan amounting to over JD 50 million.

supports training course

small-scale businesses.

AMMAN (J.T.) — A training course for Arab countries' engineers in the field of electric power was inaugurated at the Electric Training Centre of the Jordan Electricity Authority (IEA) on Thursday in a ceremony held at JEA and attended by Hajime Tanaki, ministercounsellor of the embassy of

tional Cooperation Ageocy (JICA) including financing at approximately JD 85,000. To be held once each year from

ques and knowledge in the field of electric power. This year the course will be

In the past six years, Japan bas extended cooperation to the Electric Training Centre of JEA, consisting of dispatching 6 Japanese experts, providing modern training equipment worth approximately JD 3 million and training in Japan of 15 JEA staff.

Last May the Japanese Aftercare Survey Team visited JEA to work out the details of the After-

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Wrong approach at high quarters

THE LATEST attack on Somali warlord Mohammad Parah Aiderd headquarters culminated in the death of stores of people rather than in apprehending him. That was not the first time massacres were committed a the course of attempts to capture Gen. Aideed, a development that already caused disarray in the Western countries themselves not to mention in other countries participating in the United Nations peace eeping forces deployed there ostensibly to bring hope to the starving Somali people. The Italian government was the first to voice concern about the turn of events : Somalia and has threatened to withdraw its forces from that country unless command of the international Force is shifted into saner hands. The trigger-happy U.S. troops now deployed under U.N. command have byiously exacerhated the already tense situation in Comalia and made the rationale behind the international intervention a suspect. Instead of helping the people of Somalia who face famine and other deprivations, the U.S. actions in that country are only helping is and to them. It makes little difference for the Somalis if they die from hunger or from hullets. Milling Somalis on the pretext of changing the political regime there makes a mokery of the initial justifications for the U.N. intervention in the country.

It will be recalled that the international community expressed satisfaction, and with a reason, when the international organisations decided to help out the innocent civilian population of Somalia and bring to an and their hunger and agonies. As a matter of fact, the majority of the Somalis themselves also welcomed the international move because they saw in it every hope for ending their suffering under irresponsible leadership. But one is at a loss to justify the kind of actions that the U.N. troops in that country are performing under the guise of assisting Somalis to end the tyrannical rule of their leadership. What is alarming is that this pattern of U.S. intervention in Somalia and elsewhere in the world suggests that the United States prefers to shoot first and ask questions later. The last thing that any country anticipated from the new U.S. administration of American President Bill Clinton was the deployment of American armed forces in defence

Neither the U.S. nor the collective nations of the world can put a quick end to global problems. Certainly not through the use of arms. What the U.N. and the superpowers should be doing is talking to all parties wherever conflicts exist, finding these conflicts' real causes and then addressing them in a just manner. Something has gone wrong in the treatment of the Someli question. What is urgently needed is an evaluation of the whole process of U.N. intervention in Somalia first and worldwide afterwards. A U.N. failure in Somalia will be a bad omen for all similar endeavours - and there are many hot spots around the world that require the U.N.'s helping hand. Order

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

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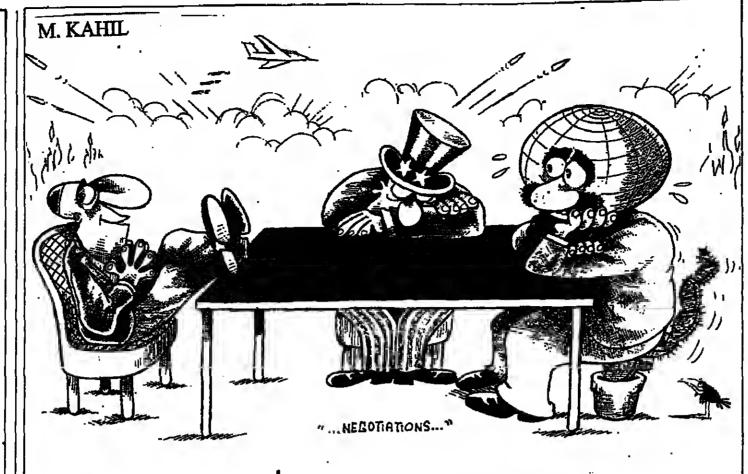
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in the new world needs more solid foundations than

SAWT AL SHAAB praised the Jordanian-Palestinian leaderships for setting up sub-committees that can coordinate matters between the two sides and pave the way for a collective action at all levels. The Jordanians and the Palestinians are waging a harde for peace aimed at restoring the usurped Arab lands and the holy places and enabling the Palestinians to regain their rights on their soil, said the paper. For this purpose, said the paper, the two sides have no alternative but to embark on full cooperation, first regarding the water, borders, security and other matters and then at the political level. These sub-committees which are also discussing legal, economic and other issues are actually paving the ground for a sound and health, relationship and a successful unity between the two sides in the future, added the paper. The formation of these sub-committees was a step in the right direction and it clearly manifests the true desire on the part of the two sides to embanition firm steps leading to a progressive future, continued the daily. No relationship solely based on sendments can achieve success and it is imperative on the two sides, which share a common destiny and have the same goals, to come together and coordinate the essential steps for their united action and unity of ranks, the paper added. It said that such a move can only lend further support to the peace process and bolster the Arab negotiating stand.

A COLUMNIST in Al Ra'l daily criticised a decision taken by the Organis, ion of Islamic Conference (OIC) to send 18,000 troo s to Bosni. Herzegovina. The decision by the OIC foreign min. ters can interpreted in two ways, but neither one is favourable and the cause of the Bosnian Muslim people, said Tareq Masarwen. First, one : n interpret the decision as a way of saving the Muslim nations the blame for failing so far to come to the help of the Muslim pe le of Bosnia. But such a force can by no means deter from pursuing their aggression, said the writer. He said that t . second interpretation is that the move was an unfortunate ne which would give the Croats and the Serbs the pretext to sue their war on the Bosnian people who are

ng helped hy 18,000 Muslim troops. It was indeed. e OIC ministers to take such a decision, and it would have ten a better and more honourable for them to admit subjugation to the U.S.-Western alliance which is imposing its 1 ms and its domination on the Bosnian nation. added the writ He said that the OIC decision was tantamount to justifying f. ... aggression on the Bosnian population.



Israel

The long farce flounders

By Haim Baram

WEST JERUSALEM — Perhaps six months too late, the Palestinians have returned to their senses and begun to behave like a relevant player in the Arab-Israeli conflict and the seemingly endless peace negociations. The Madrid process has perhaps outlived its usefulness, most illusions have been dispelled and even the pale dawn of the Rabin-Meretz government bas been exposed, to be justifiably discarded by most Palestinians.

The greatest illusion of all, the credibility of the Clinton administration, is rapidly fading too. After the latest aggressions against Baghdad, and the curious dispatch of two ohvious Zionist officials, Dennis Ross and especially Martin Indyk, to the region, Palestinian supporters of the peace process have been rendered impotent and almost

There is nothing wrong is being a Zionist, if one represents; offi cially and openly, the state of Israel But an hooest broke sbould at least try to appear impartial. Mr. Clinton and even retary of State Warren Christopher seem to choose their aides from a narrow and tendentious pool provided by AIPAC. It used to be more subtle in the not so distant past. But now, in the post-Baker era, the administration conducts its business clumsily; injustice is not only done, it is also seen to be done.

Even Faisal Husseini and Hanan Ashrawi seem to have had enough. On July 4, the Israeli daily Hadashot reported that Mr. Husseini had asked the U.S. secretary of state to withdraw the 'unofficial" document it submitted on June 30. The unfortunate paper failed to meet the Palestinians' minimal requirement of East Jerusalem — and fell short of defining the American posicion on the future of the occupied territories. This is a clear retreat from the tradioonal U.S. stance, which has always purported to oppose Israeli expansionism, de-

Now, for the first time, the J.S. seems to have adopted the Israeli position. It insists on dealing with "autonomy" while leaving the controversial issues of Jerusalem and the boundaries of any future Palestinian entity to discussion in the vague future.

spite the fact that it persisted in

paying for it.

Such a position does not serve the real interests of the Israeli people, let alone the Palestinians, since it undercuts the moderate wing of the PLO and brings leaders like Mr. Husseini and even Yaser Arafat into disrepute. Prime Minister Rabin obviously took beart from the new American gestures. During a visit to Paris on July 2-4 he demonstrated renewed confidence and even panache. He devoted his speeches and several interviews to the "Islamic threat" but enhanced the fundamentalists' posi-

tion hy reiterating his refusal to negotiate with Mr. Arafat and insisting on excluding the fate of Jerusalem from the peace pro-

Jerusalem the litmus

The Jerusalem issue has become the real demarcadon line between the Israeli hawks and the authentic peace camp. Even the hitherto pro-Rabin writer, Amos Kanan, wrote in Yediot Aharonot on July 2 that without a negotiated compromise on Jerusalem all talk about the peace process is idle and empty. The newly established Peace Bloc, led veteran peace campaigners like Uri Avineri, Matti Peled and Binyammin Cohen, decided to publicly demonstrate for the redivision of the city.

Such voices were heard even in Meretz, whose official but powerless leader Sbulamit Alooi warned Mr. Rabin on July 3 that it would leave his already shaky coalition unless there was a real breakthrough" oo the peace process. She hinted that some solution acceptable to the Arabs should be found to the Jerusalem problem. Ms. Aloni was at once repudiated by her Meretz colleagues. The remaining three Meretz ministers, Yossi Sarid, Yair Tsahan and especially Amon Rubinstein, defended the government, pledged their loyalty to Mr. Rabin and blamed the Palestinians for their untimely.

stubbornness. "If Arafat wants us to discuss Jerusalem now, it means that be does not want the peace process to succeed,' claimed Mr. Rubinstein.

As long as the U.S. aids and abets the tradioonal Israeli policies of delay and avoiding the real issues, nothing of importance will happen. Many Israelis sincerely believe they can have both an enlarged Greater Jerusalem and peace. The renewed public debate brings us back to 1971 and Golda Meir. For the first time since the 1973 war, the Labour mainstream is counting on the old "territorial compromise" creed being applied again in earnest. Palestinian weakness and American callousness have together brought expansionism once again to the centre of the Israeli political area. This development is doubly distressing, because the Israeli public is more prepared for real territorial concessions than ever

On July 5 Israel was startled by Warren Christopher's announce ment that the U.S. may withdraw from the peace process unless some progress is achieved. The secretary of state added that President Clinton has may other important things to do. Ma'ariv ran the story alongside a prominent box reporting Israeli diplomatic circles who claimed that relations with the U.S. had never been so good - Middle East Internation-

Opportunity to move forward should not pass us by

By Talal Shair

KING HUSSEIN held a frank and open discussion on July 4 with members of the Upper House of Parliament anticipating elections later this year. To the surprise of most, the session was broadcast in full on television that evening and twice more in the same week. A fresh mood has descended upon Jordan since the King's return from Washington where be was warmly received by the American administration and Congress. Ever since the Gulf war, disarray, confusion and malaise bad marred Jordanian society and poliocs in a manner which was clearly epitomised in local print journalism. Pick up a newspaper on a fine day and you are bound to read a negative article chastising this or that. Recently, a rejuvenated sense of direction and purpose have prevailed despite major obstacles in the face of peace negotiations, stagnant relations with some Arah countries and financial bardship as structural transforma-oon of the economy gradually evolves.

Members of the Upper House.

wise men of the land, expressed opinions and commented on a variety of issues seminal for the foreseeable future. The King, alert and in full command, resembling a distinguished professor leading a seminar, listened, interacted, corrected, and even had time to toss in a joke or two. Parliamentary elections expected most prohably in November, and in particular a law governing those elections, dominated the setting. In its existing form, the law divides Jordan into twenty odd electoral districts, each of which has from a minimum of two to a maximum of nine representatives, depending on its demographic structure. In any case a citizen has the right to vote for all representatives of the district in which be/she is registered. The proposed change in the law is to allocate to each person the right to vote for only one representative, regardless of district -more popularly known as the "onepersoo one-vote" principle. Never mind that it is a reasonable proposition which is applied io most democratic systems, it has nevertheless caused somewhat of

an uproar. Arguments in favour of change are fairly unshakeable, two of which are the most compelling. First, the consotutional argument: How is it that one citizen may choose two representatives while another has the added privilege of, say, choosing six repre-sentatives, by virt. Of registering in a different district, when both are supposed to enjoy equal rights and opportunities under article to the Jordan Times.

the Constitution? Here is an obvious contradiction which needs to be rectified. Either divide the country into demographically equal districts — impossible i light of urban concentration, tribal distribution and geographic spread - or simply impose the one-person one-vote" principle.

Then there is the practical philosophical argument. Consider a district with eight representaoves, where an average of ten candidates contest each available seat - reliable projections substandate this figure as a minimum. Thus a citizen is asked to choose, out of eighty candidates. eight who best represent his and the country's interests. Placing such demands on voting citizens is impractical and defeats the goals for an "educated" vote, for it is indeed difficult enough to settle on just one candidate. It is every Jordanian's responsibility to base his or her decision on a careful and educated assessment of each candidate and that should be consistently encouraged. Arguing otherwise is plainly far-

Those opposing the "oneperson one-vote" principle base their argument on historical precedent. The present law has been tested and works, so why alter it? Others have learnt to exploit the law to their own advantage and are threatened by the inevitable uncertainty which accompanies change. Jordanian society is undoubtedly conservative yet would surely not stand against improvement. And if the new law promises to be closer to the spirit of the Constitution and provides a body of parliamentarians more representative of society, then wouldn't Jordanians embrace it with no reservations? They cer-

tainly will.

A positive mood has truly descended upon Jordan and is attributed to a unique relationship between the people and their leader. A relationship that is open and frank, kind yet firm, it has never bad to rely on intermediaries. Only when the regressive views of a minority are left unmatched, to cynicism and despair grow. A Parliament which more! genninely represents its constituencies and promotes the interests of the country as a matter of priority will contribute sub-stantially to a fair and just outcome of peace negotiations and will ease the strains of present economic difficulties. I believe the courage and commitment to move forward are there; how disappointing it would be to see this opportunity pass us by.

Talal Shair is an engineer with Dar Al Handasch Engineering Firm. He contributed the above

THE WEEK IN PRINT

No peace is feasible without granting rights to Palestinians; only thirty per cent of eligible voters register so far

Reviewed by Elia Nasrallah

In the past week, the Arabic daily newspapers in Jordan tackled the ongoing Jordanian-Palestinian coordination of future ties, the Middle East issue in the wake of the failing 10th round of talks and the visit to the area by a U.S. Peace negotiator, Arab and international affairs in addition to domestic

Al Dustour daily hailed the coordination between the Palestinian and Jordanian leaderships as a major step in the right direction, in implementation of directives by His Majesty King Hussein and President Yasser Arafat. The paper said that the two sides have a duty to coordinate their steps way before launching any kind of joint action towards their future and towards the peace

Al Dustour columnist Mazen Hammad commented on the same theme by stressing that coordination between the two si es was a natural response ... Israel's intransigence and the biased American stand towards the Jewisb state and its practices in the occupied Arab

The writer said that in the absence of a fair mediator in the Arab-Israeli dispute, it was natural for the Jordanians and the Palestinians to take the initiative and embark on steps that would secure their united stand vis-a-vis the talks.

He said that should the Clinton administration pursue its Commenting on the Jordanian-Palestiman talks, a

present stand, the whole pro-cess is bound to blapse, giving way to further violence and columnist in Sawt Al Sbaab daily said that it is too early to contemplate a confederation between the Jordanians and the Palestinians.

Salameh Ekour said it is regrettable to say that those now seeking a confederation with Jordan were the same people who had fought hard at the regional and pan-Arab levels to achieve a severence of administrative relations between the East and the West Banks of Jordan.

Jordan was forced to sever ties with the West Bank under pressure, and that step sabotaged the strongest unity that ever happened between two Arab people, he added. Al Dustour and Sawt Al

Shaab dailies commented on current Israeli preparations for a new aggression on Lebanon. Reports persist about massing of Israeli troops along the border with Lebanon in preparation for such an aggression which comes in the wake of an unsuccessful tour made by U.S. envoy Dennis Ross, said Al Dustour.

Israel is not accusing itself for the violence in South Lebanon, which it had been occupying for so long in defiance of the United Nations, it is accusing the Lebanese people for trying to liberate their country.

said the daily. Sawt Al Shaab echoed the same view, noting that Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and his government consider the Lebanese territory as an Israeli possession. The paper said that should the attack come, the peace process would be dealt a hard hlow.

The Palestine question will remain a central Arab issue since 60 per cent of the Jews living in Palesone had come from Arah countries, said Taher Al Udwan, a columnist in Al

The writer said that had the Arabs prevented the Jews from going to Israel, the Arah Nadon would not be facing the present difficulties and conflicts with the Zionists. The Arab countries which contributed to the creation of the Jewish state ought to take steps now to help Palesonians regain their homeland, he demanded.

Commenting on the American document presented to the Palestinians, and the recent tour of the Middle East region by Dennis Ross, Saleh Al Qallah said Washington ought to realise that Palestinians can by no means accept the document, even after it had been amended, because of the Un-ited States' total bias towards

The writer said that no peace could be feasible or can last unless the rights of the Palestinians have been granted and taken into consideration. The U.S. administration should also realise that no Arab party can ignore the Palestinians and conduct deals with Israel and the United States behind their backs, he added.

Walid Abu Baker, a columnist in Al Dustour, said that the United States is contemplating baiting the Palestinians to make them give the Israelis more concessions.

The writer said that the U.S. thinks that by reopening its dialogue with the PLO, it would get more of these con-

cessions, as happened before. But the writer added that the Palestinians, who have rejected the American document, are showing the world that no temptation could ever lure them away from their rights and their land.

A columnist in Al Ra'i described the present divisions within the PLO leadership and demanded that prominent Palestinian personalities inside and outside the occupied lands interfere and put matters right.
Mahmoud Al Rimawi said

everyone realises that the PLO leadership is facing all forms of pressures and challenges in the course of attaining a peaceful settlement, but all efforts inside and outside the occupied lands must rally behind the Palestinian people's ongoing endeavours to regain their rights and achieve an end to occupation.

He said that a democrade and collective leadership is wanted more than any time in the past to ensure a right decision at the right mo-

Hamadeh Faraaneh, another columnist in Al Dus-tour, said that the PLO leadership is facing a political. financial and economie siege and its resources are being depleted under pressure from Arab and foreign countries. He said that the siege and the pressure are meant as a means to force the PLO to accept humiliating defeat and offer more concessions to Israel at the negotiating table. Regardless of the difficulties and the ongoing siege imposed on Jordan and the Palestinian

people at Aqaba, the Palesti-

nians and the Jordanians are bound to withstand the challenge and the pressure and retain their steadfastness at all cost, rather than give up one iota of their right to Jerusalem or other parts of the Arab homeland.

Continued siege on Aqaba is tackled by Ahmad Dabbas in Sawt Al Shaah. The writer said that despite Jordan's protests to the United States, against the harassment of international shipping, the siege continues and the Jordanian people suf-fer. The blockade on Aqaba is a flagrant aggression by the United States against the Jordanian people, something that should be confronted by all means, said the writer. He added that public sectors should rise and take collective action against this American arrogance and should not bury their heads in the sand.

Only 31 per cent of those eligible to vote in the coming elections have registered so far, said Taher Al Udwan in Al

The writer said that 300,000 people failed to register their names for voting in 1989 and the figure is augmented this year with the names of those who came of election age and are considered eligible to cast ballots. The writer said that further government facilities should be forthcoming soon to encourage the people to regis-

ter for voting.

Due to the lack of proper facilities helping people to reg-ister for the elections, only very few have turned out at the registration offices, said

Ahmad Dabbas in Sawt Al Shaah. The writer said that numerous obstacles stand in the way of those trying to register or to change their constituencies, making the reg-istration process complicated. The writer said that the govemment onght to come up with clear instructions that would make it easy for the registra-

tion offices and the public to carry out their national duty. A guest columnist in Al Ra'i focused attention on a host of problems facing the education sector in Jordan. Ahlam Al Murr said that among the problems more and more young men and women are showing interest in obtaining higher education, only to find themselves jobless after finishing their studies.

The writer said that teachers have very low salaries, which of course reflect negatively on their performance. The writer added that should the present trend continue, the education sector in Jordan will be facing a great danger, with the young graduates being the main vic-

Mohammad Ibrahim Daoud, a columnist in Al Dustour, praised the minister of education for embarking on the first step towards imposing the Ministry of Education's rules on the private schools, concerning school fees. The writer referred to a recent meeting between the school administrators, private school teachers and the minister of education when it was announced that the ministry should approve increases in the school fees.





Eating bugs is good for your heart

By Anton Ferreira Reuter

JOHANNESBURG - Jan Crafford popped a locust into his mouth and extolled the virtues of the insect tightly fried in olive oil with just a hint of crushed garlic.

The fats in insects are polyun-saturated, he said. Zero cholesterol. No danger for people with heart problems. Across the crowded room.

Marcus Byroe made a dive for the last of the toasted termites. The occasion was a cocktail

party for delegates to a meeting of the South African Entomological Society. The snacks. appropriately, were four kinds of

Latecomers missed out on the apparently irresistible stinkbugs and termites, but only small dents were made in the piles of locusts and mopani worms "Just pop the heads off like

this," an insect expert explained.

expertly decapitating a mopani worm before placing it in his "With the locusts, you just eat the abdomen. The wings and

thorax are a bit tough and get stuck in your teeth. As the evening wore on, and with regular cleansing of the palate with beer, the mopani worms took on the addictive properties

dipped in sour cream Unfortunately the locust bellies tasted like locust bellies through-

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of peanuts. Especially after being

out the evening. "The bigger locusts are bet-ter," Mr. Byme said, "But they seem to have all been eaten. My favourite way of cooking them is with garlic butter and peri peri

Mr. Byrne, mastermind behind the bug banquet, said the serious message was to educate people on the importance of insects.

"They are competitors for our food, they pollinate crops, they carry disease, and they are themselves an important food source."

His only fear was that some of the cocktail snacks might have been collected after succumbing

to pesticide sprays.
"If half the guests here tonight collapse when they get home, I'll be in real trouble."

Mopani worms, which mutate into emperor moths if not fried first, are widely eaten by Africa's peasant communities, usually after being dried.

"Stinkbugs are a delicacy in Natal," said Mr. Crafford. "The chemical which gives them their name is quite harmless and actually tastes like coriander. "Some black communities

obtain 80 per cent of their protein

Mr. Crafford is researching the role of insects in the diet and folk lore of the Venda tribe in northern South Africa.

"It's a pity there's a psychological resistance to eating insects," said Mr. Crafford, who is gathering material for a South African gourmet insect cook book. "In fact they're closely related to prawns and craylish.

His favourite insect dish is mopani worms with tomato and onion sauce Even at an entomologists'

cocktail party, conversation can flag. In an emergency, mennon cow dung.

"Why, I specialise in cow and horse dung," said Karin Camer-ik, a Dutch mite expert, her face lighting up. The mites she studies - most

of them invisible to the naked eye breed furiously in cow pats. "Cow pats are a much more favourable habitat than horse dung, because they form a crust which retains moisture inside. Horse dung dries too quickly.' Australia has learned the hard

way that cow pats make wonderful homes for fites. None of Australia's indigenous bugs evolved to cope with either cow pats or flies, with the result that Australians have to Jangle corks from their hat brims to keep the fly plague out of their

Entomologists have come to the rescue, exporting heavy duty African dung beetles to Australia to break up the cow pats.

Ms. Camerik herself is trying to unlock the secrets of the cow dung mite life cycle so these uny creatures which parasitise fly eggs, can be unleashed in Austra-

"We can't get the mites to reproduce in the laboratory," she complained.

A key step in mite sexuality is development of a giant hook on its face which it digs into a fly so it can hitch a ride from one lifegiving island of dung to another. According to Mr. Crafford, dung beetles and flies are not among the insects one would

There are only five kinds of insects that are widely eaten," he said. "The others might not be actually toxic, but they taste aw-

Illegals: daring perils of the border for a job

Many agents feel

sorry for aliens

LAREDO, Texas (API - Juan Rodriguez can't get the woman

Most nights, the U.S. border patrol agent speeds from one end

Recently, Rordriguez was shining his flashlight at the speeding

of Laredo to the other, trying to catch Mexicans who cross the Rio

Missouri Pacific freight when he saw a woman clinging to the

train, terror in her eyes, a rosary in her mouth.
"I'm haunted by it," he said. "I don't know if she's alive. She

could be lying there on the tracks, dead, and no one would

Rodriguez, 38, is beginning to feel burned out after 17 years of trying to catch illegal aliens who swim the river and hop the train.

"Sometimes I just want to quit," he said. "This job affects a lot of agents, We see a lot of pain." "Our job is to catch them, but we don't wish them any bad luck," said Abiel Hinojosa, another agent. "I have never seen anyone hit an illegal alien in five years.

'We get accused uf it sometimes, and sometimes we have to be

forceful," he said. "Our job is, protect Americans from these people who are taking jobs. If we didn't have the border patrol, they would mess up the job market. Unemployment would be a

Most studies of illegal immigration studies indicate the Mex-

"I grew up in Argentina, in Chile; I travelled all over South

America," said Agent Bennett Elliott. "So I really feel for the people. My job is to catch them, but I always feel sorry for them."

He has seen too many drownings, too many illegal immigrants

with the rosary in her mouth out of his mind.

crippled or killed by train accidents.

icans take jobs Americans don't want.

Susana Hayward

The Associated Press NUEVO LAREDO, Mexico — Six naked men, their belongings in plastic bags, plunged into the muddy Rio Grande and swam frantieally against the current to the United States.

They were among the dozens of Mexicans who cross the river illegally each day hoping to find jobs in America. As the men swam from Nuevo Laredo, Mexico to Laredo, Texas, television cameras atop the Royce Hotel on the U.S. side relayed their pictures to the Laredo headquarters

of the U.S. border patrol.

The border patrol's struggle to stop the illegal settlers has been going on for years. But recently, human rights groups have ac-cused its officers uf unnecessary brutality.

In May, America's Watch said beatings and other forms of mistreatment arc common during the arrest and detention of undocumented immigrants." Last year. Amnesty International accused the border patrol of "se-rious and systematic" abuse of illegal immigrants.

President Carlos Salinas de Gortari and the Mexican government's National Commission on Human Rights also have criticised actions of the U.S. border patrol, which denies any systema-

tic use of unnecessary force. Along the Rio Grande, the tales of would-be immigrants vary widely, from claims that the complaints are correct to stories of decent treatment by border patrol officers.

"They humiliate us, call us wetbacks," Rolando Sanchez said, but added: "I am not going to speak badly of all of them because not all are bad."

A man who asked to be identified only as Jorge said: "They punch us in the stomach. They don't respect us." Only a few of more than 30

illegal aliens interviewed in Laredo said they were mistreated. "If you run from them when they try to stop you, they won't mistreat you, but they will be harder on you," said Martinez Moreno, 26. "They handcuff you

and shove you. America's Watch attributed most abuses to "the high level of frustration experienced" by agents. It said they vent it by 'assaulting immigrants who attempt to flee from agents."

Each year, the border patrol's 4,000 officers catch about a million illegal immigrants trying to cross the 3,219-kilometre frontier with Mexico.

Some estimate they get one in three, others one in 10. No one knows for sure. Most illegals eross back and forth many times. and most run when spotted. "If they try to run from us, we

are firm with them," said Juan Rodriguez, who supervises 20 border patrol agents. "I have never seen anybody abused, other than telling someone to stop, to sit down. That we hit them, it's a myth.

Sanchez has crossed the border from the hills of Baja California, through the Sonoran Desert to Arizona and across the Rio Grande to Texas, and has been

he said the nicest are in Laredo. Sanchez said an agent in El Paso once hit him in the stomach with a billy club because he had con-

onued running when told to stop. The America's Watch report did not include Laredo. Most of cases cited took place at the San Ysidro crossing in California, in El Paso and at Nogales, Arizo-

"In the mind of the alien, he's not doing anything wrong," said Stephen Kean, spokesman for the Border Patrol at San Ysidro. "So you have a situation in which agents are trying to enforce the law and suddenly the alien thinks he's being treated like a criminal and physically abused."

"It's a conflict of cultures, if you will. The vast majority of agents are doing their job in a professional way

He said most of the trouble

starts when someone resists arrest by "swinging, kicking and pun-

About 70,000 illegal aliens are caught each year in Laredo, far fewer than the 1,500 a day in the San Ysidro-San Diego area. "We do preach to agents at the

field to enforce the law and they do it in a humanitarian way," said Guadalupe Aguirre, assistant chief patrol agent at Laredo. "We always have some reports of abuse. Some people refuse to

whatever tools available. Complaints are inevitable because no other law enforcement agency makes as many arrests as the border patrol, Duke Austin, spokesman for Immigration and Naturalisation Service, said by telephone from Washington.

get arrested. Some aliens get a

little hostile, so you have to use

"I challenge anyone to come up with a better record than us," he said. "It's upsetting and insulting to us as an agency that anyone would suggest we condone or endorse abusive behaviour."

A thicket of bamboo and brush right below a Laredo shopping mall serves as cover for illegals on the U.S. bank of the Rio Grande. Swimmers use it to put on their

Some have a "covote," or paid smuggler, who will drive them to another city, but most hop the Missouri Pacific freight train that makes the 233-kilometres run from Laredo north to San Anto-

Many who try to cross the Rio Grande drown because they cannot swim well enough or at all. Border patrol agents report at least two drownings a month in the Laredo area.

Illegals who are caught sign statements of voluntary deportation and promise not to return, but most try again.

Some say their worst fear is being caught in Mexico. Although crossing the border does not violate Mexican law, they say the Mexican police take their money and often torture them for confessions that they are either "coyotes" or drug smug-

"Mexican police are beasts," Sanchez said. "I'd much rather get caught by trhe Americans."

Can U.N. peacekeepers deal with civil strife?

By Charles Aldinger Reuter

WASHINGTON — The hardpressed U.N. peacekeeping mission in Somalia, a rutted military ground now strewn with bodies, has raised major questions about the world body's ability to deal with civil strife and anarchy.

From the Vaocan to the Pentagon to U.N. headquarters in New York, cries of blame and protest are flying over the growing violence in a small African nation that seemed on track to being fed and pacified only a few months

ago.
The world, analysts say, is finding that military peacekeeping can he far from peaceful and that noble intentions often leave frustrated international troops with a police whistle in one hand and a bloody club in the other.

The question is, does the world community have the sto-mach for the "collateral damage" that is going on in Soma-lia?" Asked Professor William Zartman, an expert on Africa and conflict resolution at Johns Hopkins University.

"This is, no doubt, a watershed for United Nations' peacekeeping efforts," added Andrew Goldberg of the Centre for Strategic and International Studies.

Doubts about the U.N. capacity to handle such challenges grew after an attack Monday on the command centre of Somali warlord Mohammad Farah Aideed in Mogadishu that killed over a dozen Somalis. Four foreign journalists were beaten and stoned to death by mobs in a backlash that followed.

It was the latest in a series of deadly tit-for-tat battles between General Aideed's forces and blue-helmeted U.N. troops, sent in last spring to take over from U.S.-led forces the joh of maintaining order so that bumanitarian groups could keep feeding starving

But led by Italy and the Organisacon of African Unity, a growing number of countries and groups called this week for a reassessment of the U.N. military mission in Somalia and how it might be accomplished without increasing bloodshed. On Tuesday, Italy asked the

United Nations to move the Italian troop contingent out of Mogadishu unless agreement could be reached on the operation of the U.N. mission in the Somali capital, Foreign Minister Beniamino Andreatta said. The Pentagon has stressed

repearedly that U.S. forces remaining in Mogadishu are essentially under U.N. control. But U.S. defence officials assert privately that troops from different countries such as Italy and Pakistan and now following political dictates from back home. Major American involve-

ment was to have ended last

spring when most of the U.S. troops sent in last December were replaced by U.N. peacekeepers - but in the last month the United States appears to have taken on the role of hired gun, trying to keep order by occasional fierce displays of force.

In June U.N. forces led by U.S. warplanes pounded Aideed strongholds in Moga-dishu after Pakistani U.N. troops were killed in an ambush blamed Gen. Aideed. And Monday it was U.S. Cobra helicopter gunships that

blitzed the command centre. The United States announced Tuesday it has moved a sea-going task force of 2,200 Marines away from Somalia and will begin with-drawing four AC-130 attack

But Captain Michael Doubleday, a Pentagon spokesman, told reporters the movements did not signal any softening of Washington's support for a military crackdown against Gen. Aideed.

And the U.N. envoy for Somalia. Retired U.S. Admiral Jonathan Howe, said there would be no easing of the crackdown despite criticism by government and relief agencies of the violence.

"I think appeasement is the wrong strategy when terrorism cononues," Adm. Howe said. "We will respond to acts of terrorism. The city must be

World community may act less after Bosnia, Somalia

By Nicholas Doughty

Reuter

BRUSSELS - Faced with the bitler lessons of Bosnia and Somalia, the world community may now be less inclined to intervene in crises unless it can be sure of achieving humanitarian or military aims quickly. analysts

The end of the cold war brought a wave of optimism that the United Nations, with renewed moral authority and freed from paralysing east-west divisions, could intervene in the name of saving lives and even to rebuild entire countries.

The U.N. operations in Bosnia Somalia both set new precedents that strengthened those hopes.

Peacekeepers in the African country were given a mandate to restore order, not simply to monitor the situation, while NATO warplanes and U.N. troops are now preparing to defend Muslim safe areas from attack in Bosnia.

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But, with both missions in serious trouble and criticised for poor organisation and lack of results, the mood among politicians and the public may change. The potential costs - both to peacekeepers and to the local

population — are becoming horr-

ibly clear. "There is a feeling that the U.N. has overstepped itself," said Doctor Trevor Findlay, an expert on the United Nations and peacekeeping who works at the Stockbolm International Peace Research Institute (SIPRI).

The U.N. is not the solution to all the problems in the world...The mood will change. We'll end up with a more balanced view is not always right.

Diplomats in Brussels said it was likely that western nations and relief supplies dwindle. would now be increasingly careful crises, especially where fighting is safe areas. European nations are particularly fierce or where a deeply reluciant to commit more country bas collapsed into anar-

Operations with clearlydefined, achievable aims - such as the 1991 Gulf war to expel Iraqi forces from Kuwait or the U.N. mission to hold elections in Cambodia — are still feasible.
"The trouble is that we haven't

been clear enough on what we wanted to achieve in Bosnia and Somalia, we haven't really had a long-term strategy," said one diplomat. "There are already signs that the world is going to be a lot more careful in the future."
Italy has threatened to pull its troops out of the operation in

Somalia unless the United Nations stops using force and reverts to a humanitarian mission. Peace mediator Thorvald Stolnberg has said the I

tions might have to withdraw from Bosnia if fighting escalates While Islamic countries have about committing troops to offered troops to defend Muslim

and the United States has refused to send forces to Bosnia.

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West Bank land prices signal hope Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin's settlements for the real estate

By Karin Laub The Associated Press

NABLUS, Occupied West Bank fold and apartment prices doubled within a year in the West

Bank's largest Arab city. In the nearby Jewish settlement of Ariel, the volume of home sales has dropped by 90 per cent and housing by 20 per cent. The real estate market - a

barometer of long-term expectaoons - is signaling that many Palestinians and Israelis believe the Mideast peace talks will eventually produce a land-for-peace deal. It stands in sharp contrast with the rhetoric of Israeli and Arab politicians who complain of deadlock in the Washington

"I'm very optimistic about the situation and so is everybody else in the territories," said Nablus gold dealer Wajdi Kamhawi.

Mr. Kamhawi is building a \$1.5 million, 10-story office and shopping complex on a plot that has increased fivefold in value. Among the 120,000 Jewish set-

tlers, "there is a lot of anxiety," said Bob Lang, spokesman for the Jewish settlement movement Emunim. 'People are wondering wbether they should put their

lives, hopes and savings into a community the government has already given up on," he said. Only two years earlier, during the settlement construction drive of Israel's previous hard-line Likud government, hundreds of

Israelis were buying West Bank homes, many lured by govern-

ment tax and mortgage breaks. "Nobody thought the territories would be returned. Today, people are accepting this fact and they know they don't have a and shift investment to Israel. now goes for \$880, a drop of 23 choice," said sociologist Osnat Housing Minister Benjamin Ben-

Toledano. He has spoken to scores of settlers who want to sell their homes.

The changing climate has en-couraged Palestinians in the Wesr Bank and to a lesser extent in the Gaza Strip to renovate shops, open factories, buy land and

build apartments. "It's all connected to poliocs," said Nablus land dealer Yousef Baba, "When investors hear about a political solution, they go crazy and are willing to pay any

amount." Mr. Baba said he bought land in Nablus' Raffidiyeh district in February 1992 for \$138 a square metre and sold it a year later for \$650. Prices for "unfinished" apartments - shells without the final touches — rose from \$17,400 to \$29,000 in a year.

In the past 18 months, Israel has issued 255 permits for new businesses in the West Bank compared to 16 in 1988-89. "People can see there is hope

ar the end of the tunnel," said Attorney Hussam Attireh of Nablus, who in the past six months has been hired by 16 investors who want Israeli business permits.

Palestinian economist Samir Hazboun is trying to bring 800 wealthy diaspora Palestinians to the occupied lands to scout business opportunities.

In the Jewish settlements, the

reversal of fortunes began with

Eliezer says 5,000 apartments stand vacant in settlements outside the Jerusalem area. In Ariel, a Jewish settlement of 12,000 people, home sales dropped 90 per cent in the first six months of this year, said Ms. Toledano, who collected data on home sales in most West Bank these areas.

decision to scrap tax breaks,

surveyor Gemolab Nadlan. grants and easy loans for businesses and home buyers there \$1,156 a square metre in 1991

> Prices fell because thousands of settlers are trying to sell and there are few buyers, she said. Prices dropped only slightly in some settlements close to Israel and even rose in those ringing Jerusalem because of expectations that Israel will eventually annex



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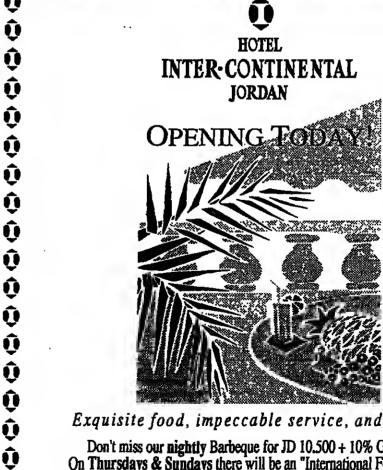
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China expects influx of Gulf Arab investment

Gulf Arab states have around \$600 million of investments in China but the figure will largely, increase due to new incentives, a Chinese official was quoted as

saying.

Hu Wen, commercial attache at the Chinese embassy in the United Arab Emirates (UAE), said the investments by the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) were concentrated in construction, communication and in-

'GCC investments have reached \$600 million since China began to adopt an openness poli-cy in 1976," she tuld the UAE daily Al Khaleej. "We expect investment applications to rise dramatically in the next period. The current conditions in China are very suitable for investment after the incentives offered by the government to attract foreign in-

She said such a policy attracted about \$35 billion in foreign investment in 1992, mainly from Japan, South Korea, Taiwan and the United States. The UAE also plans to invest around \$3 million,

Chinese vice premier for trade, Li Langing, discussed economic

attractive to an eventual purchaser.

Mr. Raijio Kuromizu, manag-

ing director and corporate

general manager of the Inter-

national Business at headquar-

ters of Mitsubishi Motors

Corporation-Tokyo gives his

perspective "A View From The Top". So much happens in the world of Mitsubishi Motors

that it is sometimes rather diffi-

cult to see the wood for the

trees. Certainly, we cover a

wide range of topics, but it is

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terest is the wide base of over-

office of international business

with the overseas activities.

overseas operations in the fu-

overseas distributors and deal-

- The responsibilities of the

- The development of the

- The importance of the

seas operation, mainly:

Agusta posts \$580m loss

ROME (AFP) — The Italian helicopter manufacturer Agusta made a loss of 858 billion lire (\$580 million) in 1992 compared with a loss of

182 billion lire in 1991, company sources have said.

Agusta increased sales by 39 per cent to 937 billion lire (\$632)

The number of employees was reduced from 8,343 to 6,826.

Agusta, a subsidiary of the state holding company EFIM, has come under the wing of IRI-Finmeccanica.

The commissioner responsible for liquidating EFIM, Alberto Predieri, has asked that money which is owed, but which would be

difficult to recover, should be written off to make the company more

Mitsubishi motors news

GCC states — Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Kuwaii, Oman, Oatar and the UAE.

He signed oil, trade and investment agreements with some GCC members. including two accords with the UAE to encourage joint

Chinese embassy sources said Gulf officials and businessmen planned visits to China to discuss investment opportunities while businessmen from there would come to the UAE to discuss investment in Dubai's Jebel Ali free trade zone, the largest in the

Desnite the increase, the GCC's investments in China remain a fraction of their assets in the West, estimated at more than \$350 billion. Two-way trade of \$1.4 billion is also much lower than the GCC's trade with the European Community and Japan of \$36 billion and \$35 billion.

Ms. Wen said China had 15 government and private ventures in the UAE in the industrial and oil services sectors but she did not mention their value.

She said the trade balance with the GCC was largely in favour of China but it would be redressed by Peking's decision to import oil cooperation and investment dur- directly from the region.

We are moving from a manufacturing and

engineering-oriented approach

overseas towards a more mar-

ket and customer-oriented

approach. This is all part of

getting closer to the customer.

next year.

ary Fund (IMF) reforms are now geared towards structural changes as financial policies are on track, a senior IMF official

structural economic reform," Shakour Shaalan told Reuters.

These included price liberalisation, reducing tariffs, opening economies to the outside world and removing state controls, he

a huge and mounting debt, Ger-

many's national railway has said it plans to cut 90,000 jobs by

The united country's two rail-

way systems, the Bundesbahn in

western Germany and eastern

Germany's Reichsbahn, have a

combined total of about 390,000

employees, Bundesbahn spokes-

woman Anfried Baier-Fuchs said.

ed a record-high operating lost of

11 billion marks (about \$6.6 vil-

lion), driving the combined debt

of the national railway to 70 billion marks (\$42 billion).

Railway officials said a surplus

of some 20,000 employees are

expected to be cut next year, due

Last year the two systems post-

Bundesbahn, Reichsbahn

to cut 90,000 jobs by '98

Morocco, who embarked on IMF reforms a decade ago, bad already succeeded in overcoming

tries suffered from high budget deficits, relatively slow growth and high inflation, he said, More recent programmes

Mr. Shaalan said Tunisia and serves in Egypt after the exchange rate was freed and unprecedented... 1 did not dream it would happen that fast," he

mulatory measures announced by

had started to take effect,

the government in the past year

"Nonetheless, perceptions of

the state of the economy have not

improved due to such factors as

the continuation of the slump in

consumption which has been

greater than anticipated, the

rapid appreciation of the yen and

the confusion in Japan's political situation," the bank said.

Turning to the fiscal year start-

ing in April next year, LTCB said

the economy's capacity for recov-

ery would be limited due to sever-

"Adjustments to excessive

workers numbers will continue

and public investment will start to

be reduced in the second balf of

the fiscal year. In addition, ex-ports will be held in check and

conditions in the construction in-

dustry will remain sluggish," the

year, however, the rate of growth

"Over the course of the entire

bank pointed out.

al factors.

IMF assisted programmes were

Some countries like Syria and Yemen, though not formally undertaking IMF reforms, were embarking on similar policies or getting the fund's advice, he said. Mr. Shaalan said official credi-

for them to implement 1MF assisted structural reforms.

in demand will increase as those

adjustments in the economy

progress and perceptions of the

state of the economy gradually

Japan's trade surplus is mean-

while expected to expand from a

record \$136 billion to a new

all-time high of \$152 billion this

year before retreating to \$144

The increase in the surplus

reflects the impact of stronger

yen inflating the dollar price of

exports, which are forecast to

climb from \$335 billion to \$359

billion to \$366 billion. Imports are expected to rise from \$199 billion to \$207 billion to \$222

The current account surplus,

measuring trade in both goods

and services, is predicted to grow from \$126 billion to \$149 billion

this year, another new record,

before retreating to \$145 billion

improve," it elaborated.

billion the following year.

"The overhang of debt is a deterrent to their reform programmes. In many of these countries there is a perception 'why have economic reforms which will just go to pay foreigners," The trend is to grant debt relief... it's not new. But what is new is that coverage is more and terms are more favourable," he said,

Mr. Shaalan said the region

could attain high levels of growth.
"The Middle East in the last decade has lagged in growth be-hind Asia and Latin America, but the potential is there. If it persistes in structural, reforms the region could flourish," he empha-

EBRD's Attaliquits after critical report

the European Bank for Recon-(EBRD) announced his sudden departure on Friday after a sharply critical report on his flamboyant management style and the bank's lavish headquarters.

The EBRD said Jacques Attali, who gave notice to quit last month amid a furore over the bank spending more on its London office than on helping east-ern Europe, had decided to step down immediately rather than wait for a successor to be chosen.

The swift exit came within hours of the publication of an auditors' report which spoke of lax spending controls at the twoyear-old bank and faulted Mr. Attali for his personal expenses, accusing him of breaking the bank's own code of conduct.

The French-born son of a Jewish businessman, he resigned in June after a barrage of criticism in the British press, saying the attacks had begun to undermine the work of the bank set up to help rebuild the economies of eastern Europe.

The report recommended tightening spending procedures and said the EBRD board of directors should ensure a single committee had responsibility for monitoring budgets.

The auditors' committee said it was particularly concerned about how the architect of the headquarters was appointed and that there was no competitive tendering in booking jets.

In its report, the audit committee slammed in particular Mr. Attali's frequent use of private planes, his late repayment of bank expenditure on personal items and his "non-bank sources of remunerations" in breach of the bank's code of conduct.

According to a study prepared

for the bank by accountants. Coopers and Lybrand, the total. struction and Development cost of fitting out the EBRD's. headquarters was £66 million (\$100 million), or more than £10 million over its agreed budget. ..

The audit committee said it was particularly concerned that there were areas of the fit-out where value for money was not a the primary consideration," giving as an example the changing of the marble in the entrance hall and the installation of sophisti-

cated suspended ceilings.
"Substantial cost savings could have been achieved if there had been better planning and conthe committee said.

The committee also accused c Mr. Attali of having been "in- ". fluential in the selection of architects for the fitting out of the arbuilding rented by the EBRD.

The reports said that since 1991, the bank had used private planes of 57 occasions at a total cost £1.4 million, stressing that Mr. Attali had ordered "the majority" of these special flights. The committee denounced the

use of the private planes, in place of scheduled airlines, as "inарргоргіаte. The committee noted that the

48 of the 57 flights were with one charter company, with no competitive tendering process for its."

"The late repayment of private credit card expenditure and the difficulties in establishing the facts concerning private flights are particularly worrying," thecommittee said.

Mr. Attali was reported last month to have been paid to delive er a number of speeches in Japan. He said at the time that the money had been given to charitable organisations.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SATURDAY JULY 17, 1993 By Thorrias S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Any important work that is incomplete can be handled nicely this morning while you are feeling inspired.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) A" good morning to be wide awake to some advanced means by which you will be able to gain your deep objectives after which think how they can apply to your worldly

Attend to civic matters and don't

be too forceful with newcomers on

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Whatever you have in mind to extend your practical activities should be seriously considered after which you can find better means for making such a reality. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) There are many pointers you can get that are excellent for you from a talkative partner after which put in motion new methods to make

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Think about the various activities to be done by you and aci more swiftly to make them work, then you get somenew interests from an outsider.

such ideas work.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Whatever pleasures appeal to you should be followed through and appointment made right away after which you can get into practical activities to be done.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) This is the moment when your

home early demands you consider what to do to raise the concord there while later you can be practical about recreations you enjoy. LIBRA: (September 23 to October

22) This is the morning to get in touch with those who look to you for advice while later you have a good cheoce to please your family by the introduction of a friend. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Think about how to add substantially to your income and assets after which you can get into

the actual acc ptcd means to accomplish this purpose. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 211 You can be very subjective today in letting others know of the truce aims that impediate you while in the evening you have very down to earth ideas for mak-

ing money.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) You need to expand your consciousness to see things in a broader light during the daytime and tonight you have a good chance to make them practical. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) The morning finds you with some clever plan for bringing will you want right to yourself whit.

about your aims. PISCES: (February 20 to March, 20) Your worldly success can be more assured in the daytime if you concentrate upon promises made but then in the evening you see how to obtain personal ambitions.

tonight you need to be secretive

IMF says Arab countries make progress in reforms

Japan may this year record first

invisible trade surplus in 23 years

due to surging inflows of invest-

trade and current account sur-

pluses would expand to new re-

cords this year before retreating

next year. At the same time, the

dollar was forecast to average 111 yen, down sharply from 125 yen

last year, and strengthen further to an average of 108 yen next

The bank's forecast of 1.9 per

cent GNP growth for this year is sharply below the Economic

Planning Agency's official fore-cast of 3.3 per cent in December.

"Although increased public in-

vestment is gradually taking

mand that bas restrained growth

will continue," the bank said.

"This will be a primary reason for

LTCB said fears of further

economic decline had faded be-

cause asset deflation had "more

or less" run its course while sti-

the low rate of growth."

effect, the sluggish private de-

in the first balf of the fiscal year

The bank forecast that Japan's

ment income from abroad.

By Suleiman Al Khalidi Reuter

Credit Bank of Japan Ltd. (LTCB) has forecast that Japan's

rate of economic growth would

remain weak this year while the

country would post its first invisi-

The bank's economic outlook

ble trade surplus in 23 years.

for 1993-94 also predicted that

gross national product (GNP)

would grow by 1.9 per cent in the

current fiscal year, up from 0.8

per cent last year, before accelerating to three per cent

Japan's invisible trade balance

was forecast to swing from a

deficit of \$4.8 billion to a surplus

of \$1.9 billion this year, the first

since 1970, and an even bigger

surplus of \$4.5 billion next year.
For the past two decades,
Japan has suffered deficits in its

invisible trade account as it

spends more on foreign services

such as travel and transport than

foreigners spend on Japanese ser-

vices. The deficit has, however,

shrunk rapidly in the past year

AMMAN — Arab countries implementing International Monetsaid Friday

"The Arab countries' piggest challenge is not so much now in financial reform... in which some countries have made very very considerable progress... but in IMF Executive Director Abdul

their fiscal problems.

"They have been taking money from the IMF over a decade. Now they have graduated, they do not need it. And we bave very

viable economies," he said.

Growth rates are high, budget deficits low, and inflation is no longer a problem. Prior to reforms the two coun-

started by Egypt and Jordan had already begun achieving "remarkable" fiscal targets, he

"The \$16 billion of bank re-

made in outmoded Reichsbahn

operations in east Germany since

to b. cut through normal retire-

ments, and a planned early retire-

ment offer to those over 55,

similar to one announced by the

Federal Post Office earlier last

That plan called for full be

nefits for early retirees, with

lump sum severance pay of up to

8,000 marks (\$4,800), depending

Officials say the cuts are ex-

pected to reduce personnel costs

about 25 per cent and that the

overall plan should result in sav-

ings of about 650 million marks (\$394 million) annually.

remaining 70,000 jobs are

unific ion in 1990.

on position held.

month.

appropriate policies pursued are pointed out. Their budget deficit was in excess of 20 per cent of GDP. This year it's expected to be 3.5 per cent. Quite an achieve-

now instrumental in moving more Arab states towards marketoriented economies, he said,

tors were also studying debt relief for heavily indebted countries in

Roche forecasts profits rise on sales increase

per cent.

outcome.

currencies.

local currencies.

local currencies sales

The performance by the

pharmaceuticals division was

the biggest factor in the sales

Sales of vitamins and of other

specific chemical products rose by

two per cent to 1.594 billion

francs and by three per cent in

Sales of products used for di-

agnoses rose by eight per cent in Swiss francs to 867 million france

and by nine per cent in local

Sales of perfumes rose by four per cent in Swiss francs to 749

million francs and by five per cent

FRANKFURT (AP) — Carrying largely to technical improvements BASLE, Switzerland (AFP) — 3.487 billion francs in 1992. In The Swiss chemicals group Roche expects profits to rise sharply this year, the company has said when reported that sales in the first

half had risen by eight per cent. Sales in the first six months rose to 7.15 billion Swiss francs (\$4.67 billion) from 6.62 billion francs in the same period of last

The company said that "a new considerable increase in group profits" was to be expected in the absence of "extraordinary events particularly in the monetary

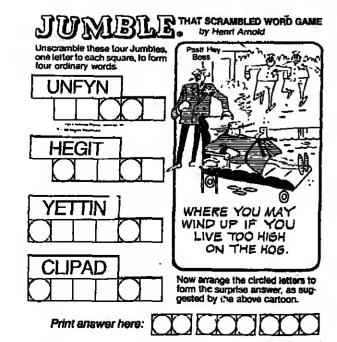
In terms of local currencies, sales rose by 10 per cent.

Sales in the pharmaceuticals sector rose by 12 per cent in Swiss francs to 3.898 billion francs from in local currencies.

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Jumbles: BEGUN FLUKE TYPING ORPHAN Answer: The Irisi thing you plant in your garden— YOUR FEET

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Andy Capp







Mutt'n'Jeff



THE Daily Crossword by Evelyn Benshoof



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Cration O Angus Bank

Cration revenues and generates around POICE 10 per cent of all jobs in the 1.591,684 138.000 138.500 184.000 1.704.133 7.406 1.490 7.800 23,290 49.190 46.500 44.000 1,27,408 9.490 5.950 5.120 country. Activity has suffered as a result of the Gulf crisis and the continuing loss of transit trade to

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SE: PARALLEL MARKET TRADING ACTIVITY FOR THE PERIOD |10/07/1999 2-14/07/14991

Jordan Times

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Central Bank of Jordan Exchange Rate Bulletin

2.170

3.400 £.430

The European Community

Study to examine Jordan's transport sector Transport Policy and Institutions camels or trucks, Jordan has been Issues Study which is to look into a transit centre for the Middle East since ancient times. The the key policies and institutional

The study is one component of the overall Third Transport Project for Jordan which also includes improvement of the 71 kilometres bottleneck road sec-Iraq, but there is no doubt that the sector will continue to play a major role in the Jordanian ecoof key sectors of the main road network. The total cost of the project is \$80 million, cofinanced

issues in transport.

tion of the Aqaba-Amman highway and pavement rehabilitation

by the European Investment Bank (EIB), the World Bank (WB) and the Jordanian government.

Some five European consultants working in association with qualified Jordanian consultants. have now been invited to offer for

the study by Aug. 8. The study, which is being funded from the fourth EC-Jordan Financial and Technical Protocol, will be divided into two components. The road transport policy issues element will identify

a more effective cost recovery strategy and outline a road transport regulatory regime which addresses issues of tariff setting, overloading and penalties, licensing and import controls and the optimisation of resources and

economic benefits. The second element covers road transport institution im- tion of the inceptions reports for provement and will examine the present institutions in the road sector and their performance with a view to formulating proposals nance and others from the truck - European Community News-

government involvement in the road sector in a suitable way. The studies will also open up other major donors, will be able

the possibilities for serious debate to discuss problems and ways of on the issues of transport policies tackling them. and strategies.

The successful consultant will be required to organise two seminars, the first one at the presentathe two studies. Government representatives involved in transand strategies for strengthening ingindustry, consultants and con- letter.

tives of the WB, EIB, EC and

The second seminar will take place upon submission of the draft reports and will present the study team's findings and recommendations. These can then be discussed so that there is full understanding of the implications of the port, housing, planning and fi- recommendations by all parties

Egypt to boost gas prices paid to oil firms

CAIRO (R) - Egypt has agreed to a new pricing formula which will pay all foreign oil companies more for natural gas they produce, a senior official has said.

Mustafa Sharaawi, chairman of the state-owned Egyptian General Petroleum Corporation (EGPC), said Egypt will apply a new pricing formula agreed with Royal Dutch Petroleum Co. subsidiary Shell Egypt, which links gas to the price of crude oil rather than fuel oil, to all companies.

Oil industry sources estimate the new formula would boost gas prices by about 10 per cent, part of a strategy by Egypt to encourage increased production of natural gas, cut domestic oil consumption and raise oil exports.

'The other companies will probably go before the People's Assembly at the same nime as Shell, in September or October,"

Mr. Sharaawi told Reuters. EGPC signed an agreement in February with Shell which prices gas at 85 per cent of the price of Egypt's Suez Blend crude oil

producing the same calorific value. The new agreement has to be approved by the People's Assembly, currently in summer recess.

Mr. Sharaawi said EGPC would amend the agreements of other foreign gas producers in Egypt, currently Amoco Corp. Spain's Repsol S.A., British Gas and the local arm of Agip SPA,

Shell, Repsol, IEOC and Norway's Norsk Hydro have also discovered gas in Egypt's Western Desert but are not yet producing there.

Industry sources estimated the new pricing formula would work out at a little over 2.2 per million British Thermal Units (BTU). compared to about two per million BTU paid now.

Mr. Sharaawi said Egypt currently produced and consumed about 1.1 billion cubic feet (31 million cubic metres) of gas per day, equivalent to about 200,000 barrels per day (b/d) of oil, and planned to boost this by about 10 per cent a year Egypt produces about 900,000 b/d of oil but exports less than half that.

Mr. Sharaawi said Repsol, IEOC and Norsk Hydro were negonating about building a pipeline linking their Western Desert finds to the Nile Delta 10wn of Damanhour. Oil sources estimate the cost at several hundred million dollars.

"For the time being, Shell are not talking to them because they think they have a big discovery, in which case they will build their own line," he said.

Shell has confirmed a find of about 1.5 trillion cubic feet (42.5 billion cubic metres) in its Obeid concession in the Western Desen, but is now drilling to try to prove 3.1 trillion cubic feet.

Mr. Sharaawi said Shell could eventually find up to seven trillion cubic feet (198 billion cubic metres) in the field, which would boost Egypt's 12 trillion cubic feet (340 billion cubic metres) gas

Arabs urged to free their markets to woo investors

ABU DHABI (AFP) — Restrictions in Arab markets are dissuading local investors from bringing back their huge overseas funds despite large commercial

Investments in the region still account for less than six per cent of the total Arab investment abroad although regional countries have embarked on measures to reform their economies.

losses abroad, Arab experts say.

Bankers argue the reforms, introduced recently by a few Arab League nations to tackle chronic economic problems, were still in their first stages while the political atmosphere remained discouraging for investors,

"Arab investment in the region does not need exceptional laws and special privileges." Burhan Al Dajani, secretary general of the Beirut-based Union of Arab Chambers of Commerce and Industry, sold Gulf newspapers.

"What it needs is a real freedom for the inflow and outflow of funds whether these funds are reserves by nearly 60 per cent, | national, Arab or foreign," he cient reason because losses could the region.

pointed out. Arab investments in the 21 member states do not exceed \$30 billion compared with their overseas assets of around \$670 billion, concentrated in the West in stocks, real estate and bank de-

posits, which alone are estimated

at nearly \$280 billion. Bankers said the oil-rich Gulf states, which own more than half those assets, lost around \$25 billion in the 1987 world stock market crash while Kuwait alone lost most of its investment of \$5 billion in Spain last year

Another loss of around \$80 billion was sustained by Arab investors in 1992 due to a sharp decline in the U.S. dollar and interest rates.

The losses have intensified calls for repatriating part of the overseas funds but investors still find

the local market unfeasible. To move overseas assets to the Arab market just because of

occur anywhere," a United Arab Emirates (UAE) bank manager

"The losses here could even exceed the losses abroad. There, they are only commercial losses and they are predictable because in business there are always losses and profits. But in the Arab region, there could be unpredictable losses, like nationalisation, a war or a coup. The political atmosphere is a crucial factor in investment and here it is still

dissuading." be elaborated. Other bankers said that despite losses abroad, overseas investment remains more profitable as the return is higher. They also argue the Arab markets are relatively small because they are not open to each other.

The Kuwaiti-based Arab Corporation for Guaranteeing Investment (ACGI) cited another obstacle for the return of overseas funds: Lack of information some losses there is not a suffi- on investment opportunities in

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Cgata: U.N. may pull out of Bosnia

GENEVA (R) — U.N. aid chief Sadako Ogata conceded for the first time Friday that the United Nations may have to pull out of Bosnia because of security fears and lack of funds.

Addressing a major donors' meeting that delegates said could decide the fate of U.N. operations in Bosnia, the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees said: "We want to carry on, but the parties are rendering impossible our work in many areas.

"Never have the obstacles and risks been so dreadful and unacceptable as during the last two

Some 40 states and international Organisations were represented at Friday's meeting, which was originally scheduled as a routine session of the "humanitarian issues working group of Geneva's international conference on former Yugoslavia.

Peace mediators Lord Owen and Thorvald Stoltenberg, head of the U.N. operations in former Yugoslavia, sat beside Mrs. Oga-

Delegates said before the meening that a recent escalation of Bosnia's ethnic conflict and a tightening of the Serb stranglehold on Sarajevo meant the meeting was not just about raising money to keep Bosnia alive next

"If we have no money and no security, then how can we carry on? This has to be decided soon," one aid official said.

Mrs. Ogata, whose UNHCR

leads the Bosnia relief operation, denied media speculation that the U.N. had been using relief deliveries as a "hargaining chip" in peace talks.

According to the reports, U.N. envoy Stoltenherg has been warning of a U.N. pull-out from Bosnia only to force reluctant Bosnian Muslim leaders to negotiate on a Serb-Croat plan to divide Bosnia into three ethnic mini-

Meanwhile Bosnian Serbs besieging the Bosnian capital of Sarajevo were reported to be moving forces towards the beleguered capital from south east osnia after capturing the town

of Trnovo early this week. Trnovo, 25 kilometres south east of Sarajevo, has been a key link in the precarious supply corridor from the Bosnian capital to the Serb-besieged eastern enclave Gorazde.

Some of the 3,500 refugees who fled from Trnovo to the Muslim-held Mount Igman over-looking Sarajevo spoke of Serb columns sweeping forward in their wake, apparently bound for the Sarajevo front, Peter Kessler, spokesman for the U.N. High ommissioner for Refugees in Sarajevo, said.

"A major refugee influx could result," Mr. Kessler said. Trnovo was captured Monday

in an assault personally led by Bosnian Serb army commander General Ratko Mladic.

Gorazde, the last big Muslim enclave in eastern Bosnia, was brimming with up to 65,000 refugees, some of who have fled several times from various Serb campaigns which have overrun Muslim forces and captured all other major towns in the area.

A U.N. relief convoy was stop-ped from reaching Gorazde Friday by women demonstrators for the second time in a week.

Bosnian radio reported that Serh forces shelled the centre of Gorazde, a U.N.-designated "safe area" where international monitors are deployed, but the U.N. Protection Force (UNPRO-FOR), could only confirm shellling of its binterland.
U.N. military officials reported

"very intense fighting" in and around the southern Bosnian di-vided city of Mostar stretching south along the mountainous Neretva River valley.

The town of Buna 10 kilometres south of Mostar, captured by Muslim-led government forces earlier this week, was under heavy counter-attack from Bosnian Croat Forces (HVO), UNPROFOR spokesman Commander Barry Frewer said.

UNPROFOR has unconfirmed reports that the HVO ground assaults on Buna and nearby Blagaj have been coordinated with Serb shelling of the Muslim-held pocket, he said

Bosnian Muslim-controlled radio also said that Muslim-led government forces had broken a Croat offensive in the city and that regular Croatian army units had been thrown into battle

alongside Bosnian Croat forces. Bosnian Croats accused Muslim forces of using civilians as a human shield in the fighting around Mostar Thursday. The report could not be independently verified.

Georgians

launch big

Abkhazia

offensive in

TBILISI (R) — Georgia announced its forces had launched a big offensive against

Abkhaz separatist rebels Friday

after they had rejected an ultima-

turn to pull back from two villages

inside the province of Abkhazia.

mounted a large-scale offensive against the positions of the Abkhazians," a spokesman for

the Georgian army said in the besieged regional capital of Sukhumi. He said the offensive

was aimed at driving back the

rebels from the villages of Shro-

There was no immediate con-

Russia warns Ukraine

firmation from the Abkhazian

ign Ministry warned Ukraine Fri-

day against proclaiming itself a

nuclear state, saying it would

threaten world-wide disarma-

ment and could cause accidents

"Is it not clear that making

like the 1986 Chemobyl disas-

Ukraine a nuclear state is tanta-

states, putting an end to the

former Soviet nuclear arsenal.

that former Soviet nuclear

weapons were national property

- a move short of proclaiming

But a majority of deputies are

statement.

nuclear status.

ma and Akhalsheni.

"Today Georgian forces

In a separate development, rebel Serbs signed an agreement Friday drafted by international mediators to avert a new war over a bridge Croatian authorities plan to open Sunday.

Under the agreement, yet to be signed by Croatia, the Maslenica bridge and Zadar Airport would be placed under U.N. protection and closed to both Serb and Croat troops, Serb spokesman

Vojin Susa told reporters.
Under the agreement, drafted by mediators Geert Ahrens and Knut Vollebeck, Croatian troops must withdraw from the territory they captured from the Serbs in a January offensive.

Tension has mounted over Croanan plans to copen the key bridge over the A slenica Chan-nel on the Adriat Coast and the nearby Zadar Air, rt Sunday -a move Serb gur ers who are well within range . Ive vowed to

The United Nations have warned the Croatian plans con-travens Security Council resolu-

The building of the pontoon bridge may proceed after the signature of this agreement by both sides," Mr. Susa said, warning the alternative would be a "bloody war."

China appoints Hong Kong working group

PEKING (AFP) - China Friday officially appointed members of a high-powered working group on pest-1997 Hong Kong and dismis-sed concerns the body would undermine the British colony's present administration.

But, in remarks unlikely to ease Hong Kong jitters about China's intentions, one newly appointed committee member disclosed to reporters that People's Liberation Party (PLA' troops would be deployed throughout the SAR after 1997.

"PLA troops will be deployed in downtown and rural Hong Kong," said Deputy PLA chief of General Staff Xu Huizi, adding that they would, like their British counterparts, occupy the Tamar Naval Base in the central business district.

National People : Congress (NPC) Chairman Qiao Shi handed over appointment certificates to members of the preliminary working committee for the 1996 preparatory committee for the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (SAR), as the territory is to be known after reverting to Chinese rule in 1997.

against nuclear status and compensation well in excess of \$175 million offered by the

capture Shroma (AFP photo)

"The Georgian forces have

seized some strategically impor-

tant hills around Sukhumi," the

Georgian army spokesman.

reached by telelphone from Toil-isi, said of the offensive.

side of the offensive.

Relatives of an Abkhazian officer cry during his funeral in

Shroma. The officer was killed during the heavy fighting to

The Georgians had threatened the Abkhaz rebels with massive

retaliation unless they withdrew

from Shroma and Akhalsheni by

midnight last Wednesday (2000

GMT Wednesday) and stopped shelling Sukhumi.

Pakistani

protest

march

opposition

postponed

ISLAMABAD (AFP) — Political tension eased here Friday after

the postponement of a protest

march which Pakistan's opposi-

tion wanted to unleash on Islama-

bad, hut the nation's political

The decision to delay the so-

called "long march," planned for Friday with stated objective of

overthrowing the government of Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif,

was taken late Thursday after

all-day intensive consultations be-tween the head of the military

Rumours swept political and

press circles Friday that "horsetrad-

ing" between President Ghu-

lam Ishaq Khan, Mr. Sharif and

opposition leader Benazir Bhut-

to, under the auspices of military

chief General Abdul Waheed.

bad resulted in a deal to end the

crisis which bas paralysed the

couptry for four mon!... The terms of the agreement

would include:

Dissolution of the National

Assembly and "free and impar-

tial" elections in October under

- The retirement, at least tem-

porary, of the president and the

prime minister, whose dissension

sparked an open power struggle

which plunged Pakistan into poli-

- The establishment of an

interim government, made up of

The name most frequently put

forward to take over as head of

the interim government is that of

Sahabzada Yaqub Khan, a re-

tired general, former foreign minister and currently repre-

sentative of the U.N. Secretary

General for Western Sahara,

whose name is well known in the

international diplomatic arena.

politically neutral figures.

army supervision.

tical crisis.

and politicians.

crisis remained unresolved.

United States. Meanwhile, technicians have begun dismantling 10 of 176 for-mer Soviet strategic nuclear missiles in Ukraine to prepare them for transfer to Russia, the daily Izvestia reported Friday. But it said the warheads re-

moved from SS-19 rockets would

mount to opening a Pandora's box, giving a green light to the appearance of other nuclear be held in Ukraine pending the outcome of an impassioned debate on disarmament in the former Soviet republic. non-proliferation of nuclear arms In Kiev, the Ukrainian Defence Ministry confirmed that the

and saying 'no' to nuclear dis-armament?" the ministry said in a process of taking the missiles "How many Chemobyls could this bring?" the statement apart had begun. Izvestia said the complex prothe statement

cess of dismantling the oldest of the missiles had started Thurs-The Ukrainian parliament is day. Computer programmes were deadlocked over approving the START-1 and non-proliferation treaties under which it is to give being removed and highly toxic liquid fuel made safe. up for good its share of the

'Although one swallow does not make a summer, it cannot be denied that the ice has been Parliament this month ruled broken," it said.

Despite the difficulties in relations, two states, Russia and Ukraine, and their political leaders have at last understood the threat to nuclear security repreopposed to quick ratification of, sented by strategic missiles rock-the treaties and say Ukraine must first receive security guarantees lifespan.

Mississippi, Missouri

rivers hit record level

ST. LOUIS, Missouri (AFP) — The Mississippi and Missouri rivers reached record levels Thursday as forecasters predicted more heavy rains in the already flooded

· Hundreds of people living between the two rivers north of St. Louis who had resisted evacuation orders were told to leave the area as fears mounted that the waterways would soon wash over

More showers expected in the region threatened to worsen the situation, and sandbagging efforts

where some 250,000 residents remained without drinking water.

The Mississippi River reached a record level of 13.2 metres (43.3 feet) here Thursday one day after President Bill Clinton pledged nearly \$2.5 billion in aid to flooded communities along the

Local officials said the damage could be as high as \$5 billion. Mr. Clinton has visited flooded areas in Iowa twice in two weeks and is expected to visit stricken areas in St. Louis Saturday.

Robbers make off with \$7.9m worth of gems

LONDON (AFP) — Threet armed men made off with \$7.5 million worth of gems, including a flawless heart-shaped diamond valued at \$2.25 million, in a raid Thursday on a central London jewellers' shop, police said. Good of Knightsbridge, which owns the premises, said the knowledge of the robbers displayed in making straight for the sorting room and negotiating three five-digit com bination locked doors suggested an inside job." The raiders, who were stocking masks, completed the robbery within five minites without staff on the upper floor or customers in a cafe opposite realising it bad taken place. The gang made a clean get-away after putting handcuffs on the small ployees of the Hatton Garden shop Multi-millionaire agent agent shop. Multi-millionaire gem mer chant Laurence Graff, who own the unique heart-shaped diamond appealed to the robbers not to attempt to recut it, saying it would lose much of its viane if created as the "king of diamonds," said the hule-white stone — about the first of a charm — a charm out the size of a cherry — was unique. The 25.78 carat diamond was to be the centre-piece of a hrooch. Experts described it as "very important stone." The raiders also made off with numer ous loose cut diamonds bringing the worth of their haul close to \$7.9 million, but they were thought to have missed another single gem worth more than \$3 million.

Burmese prostitutes tell of horrors in Thailand

BANGKOK (R) - Burmese prostitutes arrested Wednesday in a raid in southern Thailand have told police they were beat ren and kept in brothels sur-rounded by harbed wire where they were forced to provide ser up to 10 hours a day. Newspaper Friday quoted the women as saying they were lured into the brothels by both Thai and Bur-mese procurers. They were given two meals a day and forced to provide sex to many costomers from 4 p.m. to 2 a.m. without being paid. One woman named Mumu said she was beaten and punched in the stomach after refusing to have sex because she was several months pregnants The police detained 144 Burmese women ranging in age from 15 to 34 from three brothels in south ern Thailand after being tipped many of the prostitutes were clearly being kept there against clearly being kept there against their will. The raid was part of a publicised crackdown on wide spread prostitution in Rant as province and its capital, which sits just across from Burma's southernmost point and acts as a port and rest and recreation center for both Burmese and Tital fishermen. One police source who asked not to be named said at least 50 hrothels or businesses organising sex services and eman organising sex services and employing at least 3,000 Burmeses still exist in Ranong. A police spokesman in Ranong said they are preparing to formally file charges against 158 people, including several pimps, on charges of illegal entry into Thailand:

AIDS claims first victim in Kazakhstan

MOSCOW (AFP) — A woman was died of AIDS in eastern Kazakhstan, becoming the first person in the country to fall victim to the fatal disease, ITAR TASS News Agency said Friday Murat Saparbekov, head of the campaign against AIDS and Kazakhstan, said a group of docators had gone to the Taidya Kurgan region where the woman had lived. Local newspapers said 19 HIV positive cases had been recorded in Kazakhstan as far and the coorded in the coorded in Kazakhstan as far and the coorded in the c recorded in Kazakhstan so far two children, three homosexual and nine foreign students, since expelled from the country.

Mobile phones can interfere with hearing aids

SYDNEY (R) — A new standard of digital mobile telephones being introduced in North Americal Europe and Australia can interfere with nearby hearing aids, and International Auditory Conference fere with nearby hearing aids, are International Auditory Conference said. "Hearing aid user standing within a few metres of someone using the new phones will be subject to a loud buzzing the new phones." noise in their hearing aids," organisers of the International Conference on Hearing Rehabilitation tion in Sydney said in a state ment. The claim was bavked by report to the Australian govern ment which found that the phones, known as GSM (Global System for Mobiles), can interfere with some bearing aids from about 10 metres (33 feet) away. The National Acoustics Labora tory report said more powerfactory phones begin interference from about 35 metres (115 feet) Even the best of bearing aids arendered useless within the metres of a digital phone, the report said.

Centrist parties vow to keep Japan LDP out of gove nment TOKYO (AFP) - The leader of

a new Japanese centrist party vowed Friday to keep the gov-erning Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) out of power after Sunday's election, saying political instability was better than corrupt

Morihiro Hosokawa, head of the Japan New Party (INP), told reporters that his group and the Sakigake, or Pioneer party. would vote with an opposition coalition to block an LDP candidate from winning the premiership in a parliamentary vote.

"We have no intention of approving an LDP administration" even if the JNP and the Sakigake fail to win a first parliamentary vote for prime minisdefected from the beleaguered ruling group to form his own

Mr. Hosokawa said. "Instability is more desirable than rotten stability.

which did not have any seats in the last parliament but is expected to win around 40 Sunday. might join an opposition coalition to see the LDP ousted if the other parties involved shared the same

Mr. Hosokawa's group and the Pioneer Party agreed last month to ally after the elections but there was some concern among other opposition groups that if the two parties cast blank ballots in the vote for prime minister the LDP might retain its 38-year-old grip on power.

Reports have said that both the LDP or a coalition government might face difficulties in winning a stable majority without the support of the two centrist parties. The Pioneer Party is expected to increase its se a . non-10 in the last parliament.

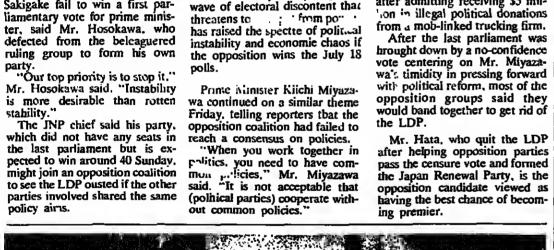
The LDP, panicked by the wave of electoral discontent that fmm po

Even within the opposition group there have been murmurings of discontent about coalition member, the Japan Renewal Party, which was formed by politicians linked to former top LDP figures now embroiled in various. scandals.

Japan Renewal Party chief Tsutomu Hata has some ties to disgraced former Premier Nobura Takeshita and the oncepowerful Shin Kanemaru, whose trial on charges of massive tax evasion is due to open the week after the election.

Mi. Kanemaru, the 78-year-old former LDP vice president, resigned from parliament last year after admitting receiving \$5 mil-

with political reform, most of the opposition groups said they would band together to get rid of





U.S. Deputy Secretary of Veterans Affairs Hershel Gober (2nd from left) Friday hands over microfilms containing information of Vietnamese missing sol-diers to Vietnamese MIA Office Director Ho Xuan

Dich (right) as U.S. Assistant Secretary of State Winston Lord (left) looks on at the Hanoi Army Museum (AFP photo)

U.S. returns captured Vietnamese documents

HANOI (R) - The United States Friday handed over the first of three million pages of Vietnamese documents captured during the Vietnam War to help Hanoi trace its own 300,000 mis-

fu-

sing soldiers.
The documents were handed over during talks at a centre where experts from the two sides examine Vietnamese wartime films and archives for clues about the fate of the 2,253 U.S. servicemen still listed as missing-inaction (MIA).

"It's to help them find out about the fate of their missing people." Assistant Secretary of State Winston Lord, head of a U.S. presidential delegation, said afterwards. "I'm sure they'll appreciate it".

The documents — captured diaries, policy documents, hattle plans and soldiers' letters - were stored on microfiche, a form of miniaturised record-keeping used

in the 1960s and 1970s. They were handed over in two small boxes by Deputy Serretary for Veterans Affairs Hershel Gober, another leader of the U.S. delegation, who said Pn:siden: Bill Clinton had authorised their

Mr. Clinton sent the delegation to press Vietnam for more he p in tracing U.S. MIAs.
"We have asked for a '-t of

things and the Vietnamese have been responsive," a senio delegation member told repo.ters. The Vietnamese have asked us for things - we've attempted to be responsive."

A senior Vietnamese official said after the talks: "We have got a better mood for understand-

Mr. Lord declined to speculate on the impact the U.S. action

would have on the MIA issue. U.S. President Bill Clinton announced the delegation on July 2 when he lifted U.S. restrictions on frech International Monetary Fund (IMF) loans to Vietnam.

He told the team to push for help in recovering U.S. remains. getting more documents, resolving 92 "discrepancy cases" where rvice nen were last seen alive and presumed captured, and checkin, out "live sighting" reports of J.S. prisoners after the

The United States has set the fullest possible accounting for the fate of U.S. MIAs as a condition for further action to normalise relations 20 years after the war ended.

Vietnam wants the United States to lift its economic emhargo completely and to establish diplomatic relations. It says it is doing all it can to cooperate on the MIA issue and denies that it has held any U.S. prisoners of

war since 1973. Vietnamese of icials have pointed to an imbalance between U.S. insistence on resolving the fate of U.S. MIAs and Hanoi's inability to account for its own 300.000, though it won the war.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Japan quake death toll rises to 142

TOKYO (R) - Sixteen more bodies were recovered Friday after the deadliest earthquake to hit Japan since 1948, raising the death toll to 142. A police spokesman said 124 people were still unaccounted for. He said 152 were injured by the tremor, which measured 7.8 on the Richter Scale and struck northern Japan Monday night. About 1,000 policemen were searching the small island of Okushiri off the southwest coast of Hokkaido. Okushiri was hardest hit by the tremors, which triggered off tidal waves and fires. "I believe our search operation for the missing people in the rubble is likely to continue till the end of next week," the

Nigeria labour group rejects new poll

LAGOS (AFP) - Nigeria's main trade union organisation, the Nigerian Labour Congress (NLC), has rejected a fresh presidential election ordered by the military government and insisted that the results of the June 12 election be upheld. The NLC also warned that trade unions would challenge the military with unspecified "actions" if it failed to hand over to a civilian government by Aug. 27. Results of the June 12 election were cancelled by the junta after the opposition Social Democratic Party's candidate Chief Moshood Abiola claimed victory. The junta maintained there had been voting irregularities. "The Nigerian workers and their trade unions unequivocally dissociate themselves from the fresh presidential election being offered by the federal military government," the NLC said Thursday in a communique issued at the end of its national executive meeting.

Castro to listen to U.S. proposal

SALVADOR DE BAHIA, Brazil (AFP) — Cuban President Fidel Castro told Colombian President Cesar Gaviria Thursday he was willing to listen to a U.S. proposal on Washington's embargo on Havana, Colombian government sources said. "The Colombian president suggested to him the need to establish a communication link with the United States to resolve (the issue of) the 30-year-old emhargo, and Fidel said he was prepared to listen to a U.S. proposal in that regard," a source said after the presidents met on the sidelines of the third Ibero-American Summit here. Mr. Castro insisted, however, that he was not prepared to dismantle Cuba's socialist system, the sources said. The Cuban leader's remarks did not come in response to any concrete U.S. offer. Washington has said it would not change its policy toward Cuba until there are clear signs of democratic opening and improved respect for human rights. Argentina, meanwhile, was the lone holdout on a resolution condemning the U.S. embargo of Cuba at the two-day summit, attended by leaders of Spain, Portugal and 21 of their former Latin American

U.N.: Accord close in Haiti talks

UNITED NATIONS (R) — Haiti's warring politicians reached tentative agreement on almost all of the issues dividing them Thursday in talks aimed at naming a new prime minister and restoring democracy, a spokesman for special U.N. mediator Dante Caputo said. But one major hurdle remained - what to do with 10 "illegally" elected senators that supporters of ousted President Jean-Bertrand Aristide say must go if Haiti is to return to democratic rule. Mr. Caputo's spokesman said tentative agreements have been worked out between Mr. Aristide's supporters and backers of the September 1991 military coup on such issues as an amnesty and a political truce. All that remained was the tricky question of what to do with the senators selected in an election staged by the military-backed de facto government last Jan. 18, he said.

Aliyev reports assassination bid

MOSCOW (R) - Azerbaijan's acting head of state Geidar Aliyev said Friday there had been an attempt on his life Thursday night. Local journalists in the Azeri capital quoted Mr. Aliyev. who became acting head of state after elected President Abulfaz Elchibey fled Baku, as telling a parliamentary session that the opposition Popular Front had mounted the assassination attack. They (the Popular Front) want to remove me at all costs," Mr. Aliyev, a former Soviet Communist polithuro member, said. Yadigar Mamedli, a spokesman for the Popular Front, denied Mr. Aliyev's assertion. "Neither against Aliyev or (Prime Minister) Suret Guseinov has anything been undertaken. The Popular Front will, as before, continue its struggle through peaceful means," he said in a comment by telephone.

Grachev goes to Tajik border

MOSCOW (AFP) — Russian Defence Minister Pavel Grachev left Friday for the Tajik-Afghan border, which has come under repeated attack by Afghanistan-based Tajik rebels, Mr. Grachev's spokesman sald. The last-minute trip with Tajik Prime Minister Abdulmalik Abdulajanov was arranged to oversee a Russian parliamentary directive allowing Russian forces to use all necessary means to defend the Central Asian state from the rebels, a move welcomed Friday by Tajik authorities. 'The implementation of these decisions demands the presence on the spot" of General Grachev and Ahdulajanov, a spokesman for the Tajik authorities told AFP Friday. The militants have attacked a series of Tajik border posts this week.

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CORDOBA, Argentina (AFP) — Finland's former world champion Juba Kankunnen and Welsh co-driver Nieky Grist set the early pace at the wheel of their Toyota Celica in the Argentina Rally. They completed the first leg of the four-day event holding a 37secs lead over Italy's Massimo Biasion and Tiziano Siviero io a Ford Escort. Kankunnen, who won four of the opening eight special stages outright, finished in 1hr 51mins 46secs. Gustavo Trelles of Uruguay and Jorge Del Buono of Argentina held third place in a Lancia - 3mins 3secs behind the pacesetters - and Frenchmen Didier Auriol and Bernard Occelli were fourth in the second Toyota Celica.

Atletico president's suspension quashed

GENEVA (R) — UEFA quashed Atletic Madrid President Jesus Gil Y Gil's six-match suspension Thursday for lack of evidence that be behaved improperly towards the referee during a game. But the European Football Union's board rejected appeals by several Atletico players against match bans for unsportsmanlike behaviour towards German referee Aron Schmidhuber during the European Cup Winners' Cup semifinal against Italian club Parma in April. Parma went on to win the cup by bearing Belgian club Antwerp 3-1. Atletico did not appeal against a 100,000 Swiss francs (\$66,000) fice for the team's misbehaviour. The club were ordered to pay 25,000 Swiss francs (\$16,500) towards appeal

Jordan draws the crowds

AURORA, Illinois (AFP) - More than 17,000 fans turned the basketball courts, and veteran Arnold Palmer, king of the fairways. What normally would have been a crowd of about 5,000 for a pro-am round of the Senior Open at Stonebridge Country Club swelled to an estimated 17,500 who watched Jordan held his own oo Palmer's turf for a while. In fact the basketball star was even one-stroke clear at the turn before his game disintegrated. Palmer eventually came in on 73 while Jordan, who plays to an eight handicap, shot an estimated 36-45-81. Over the last five bokes, Jordan found nothing but trouble, including an out-ofbounds tee shot on No. 14.

Golf club turns off lights for landing

KUALA LUMPUR (R) — A golf club near Knala Lumpur's International Airport will stop night golfing because the lights were posing a hazard to incoming planes, the New Straits Times newspaper said Friday. It quoted a Malaysian Airline official as saying the Glenmarie Golf Club would end night golfing until its floodlights were modified to comply with International Aviation Safety standards. Pilots approaching the airport had complained the glare was making landings difficult.

Laudrup joins AC Milan on Ioan

MILAN, Italy (R) - Brian Laudrup, a member of Denmark team who won the 1992 European Championship, has joined Italian title bolders AC Milan on loan, a club spokesman said Friday. The midfielder moves from relegated Fiorentina and is expected to play wide on the right, a position previously occupied Dutchman Ruud Gullit who has just joined Sampdoria. The deal is for one season only and Fiorentina, in the second division for the first time in more than 50 years, hope Laudrup will rejoin them in 12 months. They plan to keep up the payments on the villa the player was renting in Florance in the hope that he will

Arbachakov wins 1st title clash

KOBE, Japan (AFP) - Defending champion Yuri Arbachakov of Russia narrowly outpointing American ehallenger Ysaias Zamudio over 12 rounds here Friday to retain his World Boxing Council (WBC) flyweight title. The fight was the first professional title match between a Russian and an American boxer. Arbachakov, struggling against the challenger's tricky southpaw attacks, produced a last borst of energy in the fical round, denying the American victory in his first crack at a world title. It was the third defence of the title by the 26-year-old Russian, a 1989 World Cup 51-kilogramme champion, since he wrested it from Muangchai Kittikasen of Thailand in June last year. It was also his 16th consecutive win in his undefeated career, locluding 13 victories inside the distance.

World ice dance judges banned

PARIS (AFP) — Six of the nine judges from the World Ice Dance Champiooships have been banned from officiating during the Lillehammer winter Olympics io Norway in February. The six — from the Czech Republic, Finland, France, Russia, Ukraine and the United States - were suspended by the International Skating Union for showing "national bias and prejudice" last March. Judges have been suspended before but never on this scale.

GOREN BRIDGE

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

OUT FOR THE COUNT

North-South vulnerable. East NORTH \$8762 ♥A96 4 J 9 4 A 10 9 3 WEST EAST ♥ K J 5 4 3 2 ♥ 10 Q 10 6 4 3 0 7 6 **★KQJ8764** SOUTE ♣ A K Q J 10 9 ♥ Q 8 7 ♦ A K 2 South Dbl North 3 NT West Pass Pass

Pens Pass Pass Pass 5 ♦ - Every card tells a story. Adapt the plot to your plan of campaign and a

new finale is yours to write. This deal explains what we mean. South has a close decision whether to-double or simply jump to four spades over East's opening pre-empt. With so many offensive and defensive tricks, we like South's decision to double first then bid spades

Cinema

to show extra values. When North cue-bid twice to confirm spade sup-port and two first-round controls, South occided no further encouragement to contract for slam.

West's opening lead of the two of clubs is an obvious singleton. Without any clue from the auction, de-clarer would have chosen to play East for king of hearts to land the fulfilling trick. Is that still a viable

With West marked for a singletoo club there is an excellent chance of engineering an endplay, even though South does not have the entries to completely strip the hand. Declarer wins the ace of clubs, draws trumps in two rounds, cashes the ace and king of diamonds and ruffs a diamond in dummy. East can now be counted for a singleton heart. Next, declarer leads a low heart from the table and simply covers

any card East produces.

As the cards lie, East's ten of hearts fetches the queen and is won by West's king. West is enmealed in an endplay. A heart lead away from the jack is into declarer's con bined A 9 tenace, and any other plain suit allows declarer to shuff a hear: from hand while ruffing in dummy. Sither way, one heart trick is all le-



Yousef Zaghloul scores during the opening match against Al-karara of the Ukraine Thursday

Al Ahli Internationa Championship begins

By Arab Hiyasat and Roufan Nahhas Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Jordan's Al Ahli Thursday scored a victory 74-49 over Ukraine's Alekskram, in the opening match of Al Ahli International Basketball Champioaship.

Seven top Arab and international teams representing Syria, Lebanon, Algeria, the Ukraine, Romania and Jordan are participating in the week-long championship held on the occasion of Al Ahli Club's

anniversary.

The match was played at the Sports Palace Court under the patronage of Her Royal Highness Princess Haya Bint Al Hussein. and was attended by Minister of Youth Abdullah Oweidat as well as more than 2,000 basketball

The opening ceremony cluded a folkloric dances by Royal Jordanian Troupe as we as the Al Ahli Club troupe. Al Ahli took the lead in th first half and continued to the en of the match. They were 22ahead in the ninth minute.

Al Ahli's Yousef Zaghloul and Kamal Al Helou, who replaced the injured Naser Bushnaq as one of the pivots, led the scoring with the coordinated support of Al Ahli players.

Al Ahli led the first half 43-23. in the second half Jordan's 1992 title-holders resorted to press defence which succeeded in widening the gap between them. This gave Al Ahli's coach a chance to bring in substitutes to improve their skills. Alekskram's top players, Oleg

Luferov, shot several threepointers but Al Ahli continued to advance to the end of the match.

Doohan is off to flying start in San Marino

record breaking start to his campaign to win the San Marino Grand Prix here Friday, seizing provisional pole position on his Honda.

Doohan, who is still searching for his first victory this season, scorched round in 1min 53.913sec - well inside the previous 500cc

MUGELLO, Italy (AFP) — Australia's Michael Doohan made a by Kevin Schwantz.

But Schwaniz, who currently leads the World Championship on a Suzuki, was only two tenths of a second off the pace in the sunny but humid conditions. Janan's Shinichi Itoh was a l

Soccer transfer fever hits Egypt

CAIRO (R) — Forget Duncan Ferguson, Rudd Gullit or David Platt. Soccer transfer fever has hit Egypt's two major clubs, whose battle for a star has become a national scandal.

The rivals' attempts to outhid each other have sparked fierce attacks in Egypt's press over rampant "free market economics" on the soccer pitch. Some have called for an end to the infant professional game.

Some commentators even suggested that the money involved was potentially politically damaging at a time when basic food prices bave soared as economic reforms are introduced.

Although unprecedented in Egypt, the sums are paltry in-comparison to the £5.2 million (\$7.8 million) offered by Italian club Sampdoria for English midfielder Plan, or the British soccer transfer record of £4 million (\$5.97 million) offered by Glasgow Rangers for Dundee United striker Ferguson this week.

Ahli officially countered with 100,000 pounds (\$30,000) and sidestepped Egyptian Federation rules that Abdul Aal could only direct to the player.

with a record 250,000 pound

But last week, Reda Abdul Aal, midfielder for Egyptian champions Zamalek announced he would move to arch-rivals Ahli after getting angry with his present club, when they offered him only 75,000 Egyptian pounds (\$22,000) to sign for three more

receive 40 per cent of that by offeriog an extra sum from its supporters' club which would go

But now, Zamalek, who as the current club are not subject to the 40 per cent rule, have countered

tators say will spark uncontrollable soccer ioflation in Egypt.

Ahli would have to bid 625,000 pounds (\$186,000) to match the offer and Abdul Aal is refusing to stay with Zamalek at any price, prompting the question of whether he can be forced to or not by the federa-

"This is mad. No player can e worth that much," said Gamal Mohammad, an avid Ahli supporter. As a civil servant, he takes bome about 180 pounds (\$53) a month.

Millions of Egyptian soccer fans have been stunned at the money involved with each new development in the row, the first of its kind since Egypt formally professionalised the game in

Critics suggested the game's professional status should be abo-

lished or at least examined as the Egyptian Soccer Federation announced Wednesday it was extending the official transfer season by two weeks and going into continual session to think out measures to deal with the crisis.

Galal Doweidar, editor of the mass circulation Al Akhbar, devoted a front page editorial this week to attacking the bidding as a distortion of the government's

free market policies.
"Instead of respecting the principles of this policy in a sound way, the issue has been transformed into a stubborn auction between the two clubs.

"He (Abdul Aal) can't believe the price he's fetching in the mad stock market of soccer players. He's dazzled by it and knows he's not worth a tenth part of the sum," Mr. Doweidar wrote.

Marseille boss faces libel suit over Gestapo claims

PARIS (AFP) — The French Justice Ministry Friday started libel action against Olympique Marseille President Bernard Tapic over accusations that "Gestapo" methods were used to investigate France's soccer bribes

Justice Minister Pierre Mebaignerie said the proceedings were meant "to protect the judiciary against serious accusations."

Mr. Tapie's comments in a magazine interview on the bribes investigation outraged prosecutors and investigating magis-

But the Marseille owner was unrepentant. He said any court case would be a chance to "expose the incredible methods" used to inquire allegations that three Valenciennes players were bribed before a match against the

French champions. The minister said the editor

and two journalists of the VSD magazine, which published the Tapie interview, would also be pursued. "When excessive words are used you have to put up buffers," said Mr. Mehaignerie. In the VSD ioterview, Mr. Tapic said the police "arrive in

my offices and keep my secretary detained for 20 hours to a cupboard where she cannot even sit down. That is not legal. It is something out of the inquisition.

the Gestapo." Mr. Tapie also likened the police action to the rounding up of Jews during the war. But Tapie has since apologised for those comments to the Jewish commun-

On Friday, he reacted angrily to the justice minister's announcement. He said the action would be a chance to "let all

used by the judiciary in this He said the tactics did not.

"conform to the most elementary citizens' rights.' Mr. Tapic added: "My staff, Olympique Marseille players and all the other protagonists will tell

about the pressure, the threats, the blackmail and the promises of all kinds pressed on them during all the questioning and deten-The announcement of the pro-

ceedings came a day after Mr. Mehaignerie ordered the Valenciennes prosecutor Erie de Montgolfier to restrict his public dec-

Mr. De Montgolfier said Friday he will now only communicate with the press through writplaints that he has breaching judi- the bribes affair.

what incredible methods have cial secrecy regulations. Even President François Mitterrand had joined attacks made on the prosecutor for his outspoken comments.

Meanwhile, Mr. Tapie's parliamentary assistant was ques-tioned Friday over the bribes scandal in which two Valenciennes players and Jean-Jacques Eydelie of Marseille and Jean-Pierre Bernes, the Marseille general manager, have so far been charged.

Marc Fratani was summoned for questioning and spent just over an hour with police.

Tapie, who is deputy for a Marseille constituency and a former government minister, also faces an investigation into allegations that he offered money to former Valenciennes coach Boro ten statements following com- Primorae to take the blame for

12th stage Hoscioli wins

MARSEILLE, France (AFP) abio Roscioli of Italy won the 7.5km (178.6 miles) 12th stage the Tour de France between

The 27-year-old Italian, who oral (at 1:19.17), finished the lowest stage on this year's Tour in even hours 29 minutes and 44 inds. was a first ever Tour stage

of for Roscieli, who broke from the pack midway through and be the final 180km on his OWD "I wed my legs a little bit for today" said the Italian, who finished 32 minutes behind in

Thurs ay's second mountain Another Italian Massimo Ghiroro firebed second, over nine

minute, behind. Over race leader Miguel In-Japan's Shinichi Itoh was a surprise third fastest on his Honday, to a well-earned rest after featuring the front of the race for the st three stages.

The Spanish world number one retained the yellow jersey despite finishing over 20 minutes behind, and Djamolidine Abdoujaparov of Uzbekistan kept the green jeresy for the Tour's leading points winner,

French people know precisely

Top American cycling hope Lance Armstrong quit the Tour de France here Friday.

The 21-year-old rider failed to start the 12th stage of the race. Armstrong surpassed expecta-tions by winning the eighth stage Sunday at Verdun but quit after the first two torturous mountain stages in the Alps.

... He finished an exhausted 97th afer Thursday's stage, 28min F47sec behind the feaders and was 55min 48sec behind overall,

It was always expected that Armstrong, on his first Tour, would be withdrawn from the race early by his team, who argued it was a learning experience for the rookie American and they did not want to risk him getting tojuring.

Buut the Formula One season could still be decided in the courts rathr than on the track, as racing

art driver technology, FISA's World

FISA drops fuel threat offered by the competitors con-

PARIS (AFP) — World Championship pace-setter Alain Prost can still boast 50 Grand Prix victories here Friday after motor racing's world governing body FISA backed away from their threatened fuel ban.

They decided to give leading teams the "benefit of the doubt" and not to overturn the results at San Marino, Spain, Monaco and Canada after a technical report claimed fuels used by the leading teams were illegal.

Three of the races were won by Frenchman Prost in his Williams-

giants Williams-Renault and McLaren prepare to appeal against new bans on state-of-the-

formation and explanations art technology.

cerned and by the eminent experts from the relevant fuel suppliers have cast doubt on the accuracy of the tests which formed the basis of the Technical Delegate's report. "The benefit of any doubt must. always be given to the competi-

tor. Accordingly, we confirm that the results of the Grands Prix of San Marino, Spain, Monaco and Canada stand as published," The body warned, however, that in future fuel samples would have to be provided by Formula

One teams well before they were used in races. And if cars ran on fuel which did not meet regulations, they

would be disqualified. The decision comes a day after FISA banned active suspension and traction control systems in a bid to clamp down on announced Friday: "The in- la One's expensive state-of-the-

Turkey says violence will not hamper Olympics bid

ISTANBUL (R) - A surge of Kurdish rebel and Islamic fundamentalist violence in Turkey will not hamper Istanbul's bid to hold the 2000 Olympics, a senior

official said Friday. "If these had been serious concerns of the International Olympic Committee (10C), they would have been mentioned in an enquiry commission report," Sukru Erdem, state minister for sports, told a news conference.

Turkish sports officials said

awarding the games to Istanbul

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would help promote peace in a region torn by civil wars, ethnic violence and bitter political rival-

Mr. Erdem said a nine-year war between the separatist Kurdistan Workers Party (PKK) and military forces was taking place in Turkey's eastern provinces, a long distance from Istanbul and posed no security problems for the city.

More than 6,350 people have been killed in Turkey since the

PKK begg its bloody independence struck in 1984. Rioting samic fundamental-ists, riled publication of Sal-

man Russile's The Satanic Verses in a suspaper, set a hotel on fire in a seal Turkey on July 2. killing 3 people.

that it was surrounded by unstable regions. Members of the inquiry com-

mission visited Turkey in April. The report will help members of the IOC to select a venue for the games when they meet in Monaco on Sept. 23.

The repol released earlier this week, sa few security problems existed within Turkey, but

Other cities bidding for the games include Berlin, Peking, Sydney, Brasilia and Manchester. Other cities bidding for the

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The theatre will be closed in preparation for "Ahlan Arab Summit" play which will be shown at the Jerash Festival for Culture and Arts.

Jordan unaware of any U.N. demand for oil payment

By P.V. Vivekenand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Senior officials said Friday they bad no knowledge of a reported United Nations demand that Jordan pay 30 per cent of the value of the Iraqi oil it receives to a U.N. compensation fund if Baghdad and the world body reach an agreement on a onetime sale of Iraqi oil.

"I am not aware of any such demand," said Finance Minister Sami Gammo. "Nor do I think such a demand is practical since Iraqi oil supply to Jordan is in settlement of its debts to the Kingdom.

Minister of State for Prime Ministry Affairs Jawad Al Anani also said the government did not have any know-ledge of such a U.N. approach.

We doo't even know whether and bow the Iraqi oil supply to Jordan is included in the proposed \$1.6 billion Iraqi oil sale under U.N. supervision," said Dr. Anani.

A report carried by the London-based Al Hayat Arabic-language daily quoted diplomatic sources in Amman as saying that the Kingdom would bave to pay the U.N. 30 per cent of the value of the present Iraqi oil supplies of 50,000 barrels of crude and 25,000 barrels of fuel oil trucked to Jordan daily.

According to the report, the issue will be raised if and when Iraq and the U.N. reach an agreement on the proposed one-time sale of Iraqi oil, Part of the proceeds of the

U.N.-controlled sale will be allocated to the U.N. compensation fund for victims of the August 1990 Iragi invasion of Kuwait and to pay for U.N. costs related to the Gulf war

Minister of Energy and Mineral Resources Walid Asfour described the report as "groundless."

"I do oot know of any such request," Dr. Asfoor was quoted as saying by the Al Ra'i Arabic daily. Source close to the Iraq-

U.N. discussions also said they were not aware of the Iraqi oil supply to Jordan being discussed at the world body in the context of the negotiations which recessed Thursday pending Bagbdad's response to

U.N. proposals.
"It is a logical demand under U.N. Security Council resolu-tions that would apply not only to Jordan but also to other countries as and when the sanctions against Iraq are total-lay lifted," said a U.N. source. "But it is not being discussed here now.

The effort bere is to reach an agreement with the Iraqis on an immediate one-time sale which will be strictly cootrolled by the U.N.," said the source. who preferred anonymity.

The source noted that Security Council resolutions demand that Iraq pay war reparatioos and compensate victims of its invasion of Kuwait as well as U.N. costs for monitoriog and implementing the terms of the ceasefire which ended the Gulf

"In the context of an end to the sanctions against Iraq and the resumption of a free flow of Iragi oil to the market, some mechanism has to be in place to ensure that part of the proceeds goes to the compensation fund," the source said.

The U.N. source as well as officials here hypothesised that any demand that Jordan pay any part of the value of the Iraqi oil supply to the Kingdom under present conditions would pose more questions that the purported proposal could answer.

These questions would in-clude the linkage between the quantity that Iraq might be allowed to market in a onetime sale, the price applicable. the time when the arrangement would ruo out and how the U.N. could address the basic Jordanian argument that the Kingdom is receiving Iraqi oil in payment of Baghdad's debts and therefore it should be considered as a pure commercial transaction.

"It does not make sense to include the Iraqi supply to Jordan in the one-time sale," said Western diplomat. "Formulas discussed to the past only concern a situation where Iraq returns to its former status as

an oil exporter.' The Iraqi oil supply to Jordan, part of it free, part of it in payment of Baghdad's debts to Amman incurred during the 1980-88 Iran-Iraq war, and part of in return for food and medicine, is exempt from the international sanctions sioce no casb changes hands.

navy ships repatriate 240 illegal mainland Chinese immigrants, including eight women, from the northern Keelung port Friday to the offshore Matsu island where they will be picked up by

Al al Bait meeting calls for greater pluralism, zakat fund

By Mariam M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter AMMAN — A conclusive call for greater pluralism, political freedoms and social justice as well as the call for the creation of an international zakat fund brought to an and the ninth general conference of the

Civilisation Research (Al al Bait Foundation) Thursday. Io a final address to the conference participants, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, called for the founding of an international organisation for zakat (alms)

Royal Academy for Islamic

and solidarity among Muslims.
"It is intended to become a development, patronage and relief establishment, undertaking the administration of zakat in the Islamic World," the Crown Prince bad said when opening the three-day conference to participants from 37

countries

The Crown Prince expressed regret of the status of poor Muslims the world over. "The economic situation in the Muslim World is defective in terms of distribution of wealth," said the Crown Prince referring to the vast economic inequalities in the Islamic World.

He said that one of the priorities of Muslims and Musim couotries should be to pay attention to both economic and social rights of its citizens and co-religionists.

By Jamal Halaby

The Associated Press

separately on condition of anony-

mity, confirmed be meeting, but

The Hamas delegation, said

Mr. Ghosheb, was headed by

Imad Alami, the group's repre-

sentative in Tebran. The other

team was led by Abbas Zaki, a member of the Central Commit-

tee of Fateb, the PLO's main-

Mr. Zaki and another Fateb

Central committee member,

Hani Hassan were in Damascus

earlier in the meeting for quiet

talks with the leaders of other

PLO factions, namely George Habash of the Popular Front for

the Liberaton of Palestine and

Nayef Havatmeh of the Demo-

cratic From for the Liberation of

Like Himas, the two groups

have beer demanding the with-drawal of the Palestinians from

the Middle East peace process to

protest the lack of progress in the effort, begun in October 1991. Increasing pressure to end

Palestinan participation in the peace process, coupled with

accusations of financial and poli-

tical mimanagement from within

seriousy weakened PLO Chair-

man lasser Arafat's position.

his own Fateb faction, have

Raturochement with the key

rival goups, could belp Mr. Ara-

fat regain some of his lost popu-

Thirsday's was the first meet-

ing between Hamas and the PLO

since April, when a reconciliation

both sides said Friday.

would give no details.

of the PLO.

stream factior.

Hamas, PLO Laume

provision of decent living standards and facilitate the establishment of ao integrated and compassionate community, added the Crown Prince.

Such an international organisation for zakat would "remain distant from ties with political regimes or any oar-row, limited ambitions."

The conference's final communique called for greater efforts by Muslim countries, organisations and peoples to create bridges of communica-tion with the West as the rest of the world.

There is a need to create a niche for the Muslims in the new world order so that we will influence policies and not just remain at the receiving end of them," said Farouk Jarrar, the executive officer of Al al Bait, whose president is Nasseruddin Al Assad.

The conference called for more democracy and greater freedoms in Islamic societies as well as greater efforts to find just and peaceful solutions to "conflict zones involving Muslims peoples everywhere, espe-cially in Bosnia-Herzegovina and Palestine."

Heated debates about the application of science and technology, lifestyles of Muslims and the future of many technologically backward parts of the Muslim World in the 21st century dominated much of the discussions during three days of talks and deliberations. The need for greater application of science and technology and a reassertion of the social and economic order of Islam were the main themes in papers presented by participants from Europe, Africa, Asia, North America, the Middle East and the Cancasus.

Participants called for a reappraisal of tensions between Muslim and non-Muslim communities in Europe, Africa, North America and Asia and how a collective Muslim World could address these con-

The conflict between "culturally distant Westernised Muslims" and "colturally ignorant puritan Muslims" was a central theme in many of the talks given and papers presented. "This internal conflict is among the most serious because the threat from within is stronger and more dangerous in the long run than the exter-nal threat," said Dr. Seyyed Hossein Nasr, professor of Islamic studies at George Washington University,

The "re-discovery" of the riches and knolwdge of Muslim culture, history and science merged with a knowledge of modern science will lead the Muslim World ahead and out of the abyss in which it finds itself today, Faronk Jarrar

U.S. sees progress in talks with N. Korea

GENEVA (AFP) — The United States signalled Friday significant progress in persuading North Korea to accept inspection of its nuclear sites, saying it expected a "snbstantive" announcement

Senior delegations from the two countries met here for the second time this week and agreed to hold a third session at the U.S. mission on Monday, said a U.S. statement to the press.

"We expect that we will have something substantive to share with you after Monday's meet-iog," said the statement by Robert Gallucci, assistant secretary state for political-military affairs and chief U.S. negotiator U.S. officials would not elabo-

rate on what progress may have been made in efforts to resolve the dispute sparked by fears that Pyongyang was intent on developing nuclear weapons. The discussions resumed Fri-

day at the Geneva mission of the hard-line communist state after a report from Seoul suggested the two countries bad made a breakthrough in ending the impasse. The Yonhap news ageocy quoted a Seoul official as saying that Washington would offer to suspend next year's joint military

part of a deal. The Americans reportedly would also reaffirm all U.S. tactical nuclear weapons had been withdrawn from South Korea and Pyongyang would then agree to discuss inspection of its site.

expercises with south Korea as

U.S. and Pyongyang nego-tiators bad seven hours of discussions at the U.S. mission Wednesday, which the North Ko-reans called "very intense" and both sides described as useful. But a U.S. spokesman bad said that "we need to make a lot of progress" and suggested there was little chance of the current

Asked what would happen if the talks fail to produce an agree-ment with the hard-line communist state, the spokesman had said, "we go back to the Security Council to report."

beyond Friday.

round of negotiations going

Officials have spoken of imposing possible U.N, economic sanc tions on Pyongyang, which has threatened to pull out of the 1968 unclear Non-Proliferation Treaty

Muironeys give furniture to nation

OTTAWA (AFP) — Former

Prime Minister Brian Mulroney and his wife Mila have agreed to donate to the country some of the furniture they had bought and installed in the prime minister's residences, a government agency said Thursday. There had been a major political row over a decision by the National Capital Commission, a government ageney whose members were appointed by the Mulroney government, to pay the former leader and his wife more than 150,000 dollars (\$117,000), for furniture, china and decorations they left behind when Mr. Mulroney left office last mooth. Opposition members of parliament com-plained that the purchase of the secondhand goods was in effect a tax-free gift to the Mulroneys and was unprecedented in Canadia history. They also complained that the National Capital Complete mission had refused to name the two firms of assessors it said it had consulted about the fair price. for the Mulroney cast-offs and that the purchase price should have been based on the secondhand value of the goods rather than the replacement value that the commission said it had agreed to. On Thursday, the commission issued a brief statement saying "the purchase of furniture and furnishings" belonging to the Mulroneys' bad been "terminated... at the request of Mrs. Mulroney.'

Vietnamese scientist wins Magsaysay award

MANILA (AP) — Agricultural scientist Vo Tong Xuan of Vietnam was named Friday as winner of this year's Ramon Magsaysay Award for Government Service The awards board said Mr. Xnan. who is also vice rector of the University of Can Tho, was recognised for "combining practical scientific research and effective advocacy to improve the lives of Vietoamese farmers." It praised bim for coming bome to help rebuild his war-ravaged country. "Xuan elected to forsake safer and more lucrative possibilities elsewhere and returned home to resume his post in Can Tho (and) to extend his activities beyond the university and into the fields," the board said. "A soil scientist, he explained, needs to be with farmers." Mr. Xuan has been agricultural programmes in Vietnam. He also was among the founders of the region-wide Asian Farming Systems Association. Mr. Xuan finished bachelor's and master's degrees. in agricultural chemistry at the University of Philippines and his doctorate degree at Kyushu University in Japan. The Magsaysay Awards were estabsished in 1958 to honour a popular Philippine presideot who died in a plane crash the year before. The award, among the most prestigious in Asia, carries a cash prize of \$30,000, a certificate and a gold. medallion.

Anglican vicar plans to quit if wife is ordained

LONDON (RT) — A vicar say be will quit the Church of Eng. laod and become a Roman Catholic if the church goes ahead with plans to ordain women including his wife. "I have tolisten to my conscience and that' tells me I can't remain with the Church of England if women's ordination is approved," Mark Millward, 31, from Sunderland in northeast England, told the Times newspaper. But he said the rift in his bousehold was purely theological and bad probably brought him closer to his wife Caroline, also 31, who wants to become an Anglican minister. "It is possible to love someone and continue living with them while respecting their different views," Millward said. The church decided last year to let women join the ranks of its ministers despite tierce opposition

Weifare recipient dances, loses benefits

OSLO (AP) — Nelly Elgaen had heard that dancing might help her bad back, which has kept her off work and on sick leave for almost a year. So the 44-year-old Norwegian went to the village dance with her busband and took a few turns on the dance floor in March, newspapers reported Her case worker spotted her and cut her welfare benefits in half. "We believe her presence af the dance is not consistent with her diagnosis," Arnold Eggen, head of the welfare office in the south oslo newspaper Dagbladet.

Blast suspect rejects deal Combined Agency dispatches person on Dec. 28, 1992. Abu Halima's confession, Sheikh The Federal Bureau of Inves-NEW YORK - The chemical tigations (FBI) arrested most of telligence agents approved the

engioeer accused of plotting to blow up the World Trade Centre has been talking to federal prosecutors about a deal but bis lawyers said Thorsday he turned down their latest offer. "There is no deal at this time,"

said Atiq Ahmad, the attorney for Nidal Ayyad. Ahmad said he has met a number of times with the U.S. attorney's office. "The government gave us an

offer in exchange for my client's cooperation but it was a nonoffer. They're going to bave to be more reasonable and more realistic," be added.

Other talks with prosecutors not indicate when they would take place.

The lawyer said bis chent is still interested io cutting a deal with the government. He explained that "in a worstcase scenario" if Mr. Ayyad goes

to trial and loses, be faces several concurrent life sentences without

"What the government offered was to give bim one life sentence without parole," be said.

Mr. Ayyad bas "very little in-formation to offer," the lawyer said. "And he's not going to lie to implicate others." The lawyer said Mr. Ayyad

"can either explain it to the government now or at trial when he Mr. Ahmad said the case

against his client "was very weak," even though lab tesis confirm that saliva found on the flap of a key envelope match saliva samples taken from Mr. Ayyad.
The envelope contained a let-

ter sent to the New York Times by a group claiming responsibility for the Feb. 26 trade centre

Mr. Ahmad said be plans to challenge the saliva test results at

"Even if Ayyad is tied to the note, it ties him in after the fact, one week after the explosion," Mr. Ahmad said. Mr. Ayyad and five others are

accused in connection with the bombing, which killed six and injured more than 1,000 people. A man arrested after the hombing was indicted Wedoesday on charges of plotting to bomb the United Nations and

other targets.

Ibrahim Al Gabrowny, 42, a native of Port Said, Egypt, who is charged with obstruction of justice and passport violations in the trade centre bombing, is accused of conspiracy in the later plot. He is the first person charged in both cases and the 11th defendant in

the United Nations case. The indictment also revealed that federal authorities had infiltrated the suspected ring as early as November 1991, when Mr. Gabrowny allegedly contacted a government informant.

"Beginning in or around late 1991, Irbrahim A. Al Gabrowny, the confidential informant and others discussed plans to bomb various targets in the New York City area," the indictment says. It says Mr. Gabrowny bad a

According to an unnamed Egyptian official's account of Mr. telephone conversation with the confidential informant and a third

those charged in the U.N. bombing plot on June 24 after they Pakistan. Dr. Baz confirmed this raided a Queens safe bouse where five of the suspects were allegedly mixing ingredients for a

The men were accused of agreeing to set off explosives at the United Nations, a federal office building bousing the FBI as well as the Holland and Lincoln tunnels under the Hudson River linking Manhattan, and New

Prosecutors have said the planners of the one-day alleged spree across Manhattan included at

bombing. Mr. Gabrowny was charged with obstruction of justice after he allegedly interfered with FB1 agents who went to search bis home after the Feb. 26 explosion. An indictment later added false passport charges. William Kunstler, Mr. Gab-

rowny's lawyer, said the new indictment was a tactic meant to preveot Mr. Gabrowny from going to trial on those charges as scheduled on Aug. 2. Mr. Kunstler Tuesday had inti-

cated to prosecutors that he would call the confidential informant, identified as Emad Salem. an Egyptian, to testify that he gave Mr. Gabrowny the false

Mr. Kunstler said Mr. Salem is supposed to be the star witness in the trial of those charged with plotting to blow up New York City landmarks and prosecutors did not want him to appear in a trial before that.

We would have a field day with him and then he would look bad for the big case." Mr. Kunstler said.

Authorities have taken a special ioterest io Mr. Gabrowny because one of six men charged with the bombing used his address in his application for a driver's licence and because Mr. Gabrowny is the cousin of Al Sayyid Nosair.

Mr. Nosair, an Egyptian, was acquitted of killing extremist Rabbi Meir Kahane but was convicted on related charges and sentenced to 22 years io prison. He has been linked to suspects in both bombing cases.

'Iran linked to blast'

Iranian intelligence agents and Sheikh Omar Abdul Ranman gave the go-ahead for the tombing of the World Trade Centre. the New York Times reported Friday, quoting a senior Egyptian

The disclosure came f om Mahmod Abu Halima — among six men indicted bere in the Feb. 26 blast in a confession to Egyptian authorities in March, before he was extradited, the official told the daily.

Osama Al Baz, chief foreign policy adviser to Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak, told a group of foreign journalists that the attack was planned in Afghanistan by former Arab veterans of the war there against the Sovietbacked government.

Abdul Rahman and Iranian inscheme at a meeting in Peshawar, official's statement.

Sheikh Abdul Rahman is a blind cleric among whose followers here are several that allegedly took part in the bombing and in the foiled conspiracy to bomb other New York landmarks. He is currently in the custody of immigration officials for visa violations. Egypt bas requested his extradition on charges of organising violent anti-government demonstrations in 1990.

Mr. Abu Halima, 33, said the conspirators in the trade centre least two men who helped in a bombiog financed their plot test blast before the trade centre through the Islamic Group — a clandestine organisation bent on toppling Egypt's secular government - Iranian businessmen and expatriates in Europe, Islamic institutions in Saudi Arabia and Muslim Brotherhood offices in Germany, Dr. Baz said.

Mr. Abu Halima fled to Egypt shortly after the bombing and has since told U.S. authorities that his confession was made under torture and was untrue. He has expressed interest in making a deal with federal prosecutors.

Siddig Ali rejects charges

The 32-year-old Sudaoese Muslim charged as a ringleader in the plot to bomb four targets in New York City called the U.S. government "highly unjust" and warned it Wednesday to cut its

ties with "tyrants" abroad. In a jailhouse interview, the defeodant, Siddig Ibrahim Siddig Ali, ranged widely over his grievances with secular Arab regimes in Egypt, Algeria and Tunisia, his work for Sheikh Omar Abdul Rahman, his training as a teacher and computer technician, and his contacts with a federal informer who Mr. Siddig Ali claimed bad entrapped bim by "puting my manhood to the test."

But pressed repeatedly to explain what be was doing in a garage in Jamaica, Queens, where the FBI said bomb-making chemicals were being mixed with the scene recorded by a hidden camera — on June 24, Mr. Siddig Ali gave various re-

He said: "I did participate in the process of being in the gar-age." Bot be also said, "I did not know what I was doing," and "I would rather not talk about it." Then he said: "I did not conceive at the mument in time that I was ever mixing or preparing or wanting to a something to barm American property or kill inno-

Mr. Siddig Ali issued a sweeping decial to government charges. But questioned specifically then about w'ether he discussed where to place a bomb io the tunnel while be was driving through it, be said: "I don't re-

The interview, by the New York Times and CNN in the

effor broke down over the Metropolitan Correctional Centre in lower Manhattan, was oint round of Middle East peace arranged by Mr. Siddig Ali's talk in Washington, lawyer, William M. Junstler, as "a justified response on the world Lamas, the Arabic acronym of prejudicial publicity generated for Islamic Resistance Moveunmercifully by the govern-

reconciliation talks process until Israel agrees to repatriate some 400 men it expelled from the occupied West Bank

AMMAN — The Paiestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and its main rival, the Muslim funand Gaza Strip Dec. 17. The expellees, most of wbom belong to Hamas or another damentalist Hamas, bave rebardline Palestinian faction, Islasumed talks to end a feud that has mic Jihad, remain stuck between split the Palestinians for more than five years, officials from Israeli and Lebanese army lines in South Lebanon.

We attended the meeting cal-Ibrahim Ghosher, the Iordanled for by the PLO because we based spokesman for Hamas, said felt that it was in the interest of a 90-minute meeting was beld in Amman Thursday at the request the Palestinian cause," Mr. Ghosheh said of Thorsday's mceting. Two PLO officials, speaking

"We discussed the peace process, national unity, the blessed Palestinian uprising in the occupied territories as well as ways of escalating the struggle against the (Israeli) enemy," be told the Associated Press.

"But the meeting focused mainly on the possible conveniog of a wide gathering of Palestinian groups from inside and outside the occupied territories. The intention is to launch a national dialogue that would review the peace process and Palestician participation in it," Mr. Ghosheh

said. Hamas, which means zeal, is opposed to the peace talks. It advocates the destruction of Israel and the establishment of an Islamic state in pre-1948 Pales-

The Hamas-PLO reconciliation effort began in Khartoum in December. But the two factions, which have been vying for support in the occupied territories since the start of the Palestinian. uprising in 1987, remain wide

The PLO has been losing influence, especially in the Gaza Strip. to Hamas. There have been some shooting incidents in the occupied territories between supporters of the two groups.

Palestinians attribute the in-crease of support for Hamas to a generous flow of cash from Tehran at a time the PLO is struggling to survive.
The PLO bas been ostracised

Gulf because of Mr. Arafat's Palestinian participation in the pro-Iraq policy during the 1991 war for the liberation of Kuwait. This has deprived Mr. Arafat from millions of dollars in financial aid, and forced bim to slash mont, had demanded that the the PLO's annual budget of \$300 Paestinians boycott the peace million by more than a third.

by its main bankrollers in the

Jordan gets extension of debt talks

(Costinued from page 1)

Jordan owed Russia JD 35.9 million (\$52.4 million), China JD 5.8 million (\$8.4 million) and Brazil JD 25.9 million (\$37.8 millioo). The Central Bank figures did not include a country-by-country detail of the remainder of the long-term debts owed to governments or government agencies.

commercial banks stood at JD 770.6 millioo (\$1,125 million). The amount that Jordan hopes to reschedule under the agreement with the Londoo Club is \$895 million, and the rest has been bought back by

Amman at a discounted price.

The Kingdom's debts to

Multilateral agencies accounted for JD 885.3 million (\$1,292.4 million). These included the IMF (JD 74.2 million - \$108.3 million), the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and the International Development Agency (combined total JD 503.1 million — \$734.3 million), the Arab Monetary Fund (JD 80.9 million — \$118.1 million) and the Arab

Fund for Economic and Social

Development (JD 140.9 mil-

lico - \$205.6 million). Further split-ups were not immediately available.

Christopher to visit Mideast in August

(Continued from page 1)

On his week-long mission, Mr. Ross held talks with Palestinian, Israeli, Jordanian and Syrian leaders in a bid to breathe new life into the peace process after 10 rounds of talks.

Mr. Sharaa said the Ross team

informed that Mr. Christopher

planned to visit the Middle East within the next two weeks. Mr. Rabin, through Mr. Ross, warned Syria, the main foreign power in Lebanoo, to cut supply ines from Iran to guerrillas in Lebanon.

"The Lebanese resistance functions at Lebanese will. Every people subjected to occupation devises the necessary ways to resist that occupation," Mr. Sharaa told reporters after meeting President Elias Hrawi.

Mr. Ross excloded Lebanon from his Middle East tour last week in which he tried to push forward the 20-month-old peace

million in the sale. "It will be stupid to think that the Iraqi leadership will compromise on the rights of its people," the Al Thawra daily news-

"We say fraokly that the threats of the United States and

Mr. Sharaa briefed Mr. Hrawi and Foreign Minister Faris Buez on Mr. Ross's talks. "Our stand on the (guerrilla) resistance is known," Mr. Sharaa

"Resistance is a legitimate right of every people under fore-ign occupation and we don't accept messages," he said. "No Arab country can be a guard for the Israeli occupation (of South Lebanoo)."

Mr. Sharaa ruled out a largescale Israeli attack but said "any escalation in the military situation will not serve the peace pro-"We hope the escalation will

stop and everyone will realise that the interest lies in pushing forward the peace process." Mr. Sharaa said Syria saw there was "a greate seriousness from the American side during this stage" of the peace talks.

Ekeus meets Aziz and Sahaf

(Continued from page 1) for food and medicine and to cover the cost of the weapons' monitoring programme. Some will go into a fund for reparations to war victims. Iraq woiuld receive about \$800

paper said in a front-page edito-

its allies will not intimidate Iraq. At the same time we are ready for a constructive dialogue," said the newspaper, which belongs to the ruling Baath Party.

Baghdad has refused to allow installation of surveillance cameras at two missile test sites, or the sealing of equipment to prevent production of long-range projec-

The standoff over the Yawm Al Azim and Al Rafah missile sites, 70 kilometres south of Baghdad, bas drawn tough warnings from the United States

